T.C. 
MİLLÎ EĞİTİM BAKANLIĞI
Temel Eğitim Genel Müdürlüğü

İNGİLİZCE DERSİ 
ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI
(İlkokul ve Ortaokul 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 ve 8. Sınıflar)
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CONTENTS

MAJOR PHILOSOPHY OF THE PROGRAM ............................................................................................................ 3
GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAM .................................................................................................... 4
KEY COMPETENCES IN THE PROGRAM ........................................................................................................ 5
VALUES EDUCATION IN THE PROGRAM ..................................................................................................... 6
TESTING AND EVALUATION APPROACH OF THE PROGRAM .................................................................... 6
SUGGESTED TESTING TECHNIQUES FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF LANGUAGE SKILLS ..................... 7
STRUCTURE OF THE CURRICULUM ............................................................................................................. 8
IMPORTANT ISSUES FOR THE APPLICATION OF THE PROGRAM .......................................................... 12
2nd AND 3rd GRADE ENGLISH PROGRAM - SUGGESTIONS FOR PRACTICE: ....................................... 13
REFERENCES ....................................................................................................................................................... 14
SUGGESTED CONTEXTS AND TASKS/ACTIVITIES ................................................................................... 15
SAMPLE COMMUNICATIVE FUNCTIONS AND USEFUL LANGUAGE ........................................................... 16
2nd GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 24
3rd GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 35
4th GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 46
5th GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 57
6th GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 68
7th GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 79
8th GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION PROGRAM ................................................................. 90
APPENDIX 1 İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI’NIN MODELİ (2 - 8.SINIFLAR İÇİN) .................................... 101
APPENDIX 2 İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI’NIN UYGULANMASINA DAİR ÖNEMLİ HUSUSLAR ........... 102
APPENDIX 3 2 VE 3. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI - UYGULAMA ÖNERİLERİ ....................... 103
MAJOR PHILOSOPHY OF THE PROGRAM

English language education program has been revised in accordance with the general objectives of Turkish National Education as defined in the Basic Law of the National Education No. 1739, along with the Main Principles of Turkish National Education. The present revision includes two major dimensions with three sub-dimensions for each, as follows:

1. Revision of the theoretical framework;
   a. Reviewing the program with regards to values education
   b. Including the basic skills as themes
   c. Expanding certain subsections, such as testing and evaluation and suggestions

2. Revision of each grade by;
   a. Revision of the targeted language skills and their linguistic realizations
   b. Evaluation and the update of the contexts, tasks and activities
   c. Analysis and general update of the program in terms of functions and forms covered

To provide a high-quality English language education for primary and lower secondary students in Turkey, a periodic revision of the courses is essential to maintain an up-to-date and effective curriculum. Furthermore, the recent changes in Turkish educational system, which entailed a transition from the 8+4 educational model to the new 4+4+4 system, have led to an immediate need for the redesign of current teaching programs. With respect to English language education, in particular, this system mandates that English instruction be implemented from the 2nd grade onward, rather than the 4th grade; therefore, a new curriculum accommodating the 2nd and 3rd grades was necessary, which led the preparation of the previous version of this program. The present revision, not a drastic one, primarily aims at updating the program with regards to the views obtained from the teachers, parents and academicians. This objective shaped the nature of the second revision. Basically, the program was reviewed and revised in line with the pedagogic philosophy of both basic skills and values education, which has been a minor revision in that the English language education program focuses on developing the language skills and proficiency without any concrete course content.

In designing the new English language teaching program, the principles and descriptors of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: Learning, Teaching, Assessment (CEFR) were closely followed. The CEFR particularly stresses the need for students to put their learning into real-life practice in order to support fluency, proficiency and language retention (CoE, 2001); accordingly, the new curricular model emphasizes language use in an authentic communicative environment. As no single language teaching methodology was seen as flexible enough to meet the needs of learners at various stages and to address a wide range of learning styles, an eclectic mix of instructional techniques has been adopted, drawing on an action oriented approach in order to allow learners to experience English as a means of communication, rather than focusing on the language as a topic of study. Therefore, use of English is emphasized in classroom interactions of all types, supporting learners in becoming language users, rather than students of the language, as they work toward communicative competence (CoE, 2001).

As the CEFR considers language learning to be a lifelong undertaking, developing a positive attitude toward English from the earliest stages is essential; therefore, the new curriculum strives to foster an enjoyable and motivating learning environment where young learners/users of English feel comfortable and supported throughout the learning process. Authentic materials, drama and role play, and hands-on activities are implemented to stress the communicative nature of English. At the 2nd and 3rd grade levels, speaking and listening are emphasized; while reading and writing are incorporated in higher grades as students become more advanced. Throughout each stage, developmentally appropriate learning tasks provide a continued focus on building the learner autonomy and problem-solving skills that are the basis for communicative competence.
GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE PROGRAM

There is no question that the key to economic, political and social progress in today’s society depends on the ability of Turkish citizens to communicate effectively on an international level, and competence in English is a key factor in this process. In order for meaningful learning to take place, in English as in any other subject area, the material must have relevance in students’ daily lives. Therefore, scholars such as Hymes (1972) and Widdowson (1978) have argued that language learning must be carried out in context; that is, it must be used in the course of everyday interactions, for true communicative purposes, rather than practiced as an abstract exercise.

Accordingly, in order to impress on students the role of English as a means of relaying needs and wants, voicing opinions and beliefs, building relationships, and so on, the new curricular model is focused on language learning as communication. The communicative approach entails use of the target language not only as an object of study, but as a means of interacting with others; the focus is not necessarily on grammatical structures and linguistic functions, but on authentic use of the language in an interactive context in order to generate real meaning (Larsen-Freeman & Anderson, 2011; Richards, 2006). In other words, learners/users engage in activities which require actual communication between peers or between students and their teacher, such as creating a game as a group and then playing it with classmates, rather than rehearsing prepared material (e.g., taking turns reading a printed dialog from a textbook or reciting memorized lists of verb forms). Classroom materials and teaching tools are drawn from authentic sources as much as possible in order to demonstrate English as it is used in real life. Furthermore, as motivation is essential to learner success, the curriculum aims to make learning English interesting, engaging and fun, taking into account the diverse needs of students at different developmental levels (Cameron, 2001).

It is therefore critical to define the scope of the present program in terms of students’ characteristics, developmental periods and learning strategies. The program covers a wide age period, between six and thirteen, and thus developmentally speaking, the program has to serve young learners and adolescents (Pinter, 2006; Rixon, 1999). Because these two groups of learners are markedly different from each other in terms of cognitive and social characteristics, the program takes these differences into account at all strata of the syllabi, such as contexts and tasks, cognitive load, assessment and evaluation as well as type of language skills covered. Young learners are predominantly provided with a ‘play world’, in which they are expected to sing, dance, play games, do arts and craft activities (McKay, 2006), all of which embedded with English language. Speaking and listening are the major skills depicted in the first three grades of the program. Following years include all of the skills in line with the theoretical approach of the CEFR. Nevertheless, that does not mean teachers cannot offer any doable reading or writing tasks, which would be quite reasonable, and perhaps inevitable, in a communicative classroom atmosphere.

Another aspect of the program relates to how students approach language learning in- and outside-the-classroom as well as how teachers are to shape those experiences with in-class tasks and various assignments. This aspect addresses the learning strategies (O’Malley & Chamot, 1990; Oxford, 1990, 1996). Learning strategies are handled in different dimensions within the program. The first dimension is that teachers as well as book authors were provided with tasks and contexts that are relevant, interesting and achievable for the given group of students. The second dimension relates to the assignments that are offered in each unit of the program to provide a sample of what is expected from teachers and book authors. The program basically expects to vary learning strategies for both classroom instruction and assignments, which can be achieved by methodologically well-tuned instruction of the teacher and carefully selected assignments (Cohen, 2011). The third dimension is the frame of testing and evaluation perspective prescribed within the curriculum section. As was stated in the testing section, one of the most important aspects of the program is to create positive and beneficial washback effect. This objective was set to lead students to exploit rich and wide range of learning strategies. In other words, the program strictly refrains from overuse of some specific language learning strategies over others due to the examinations.
KEY COMPETENCES IN THE PROGRAM

Key competences, as generic and common objectives of all educational programs across the EU, address the basic skills that each and every citizen is to acquire during formal education. Commenced by the European Commission in the EU countries, the key competences refer to the key knowledge, skills and attitudes that are expected to equip students with the personal realization of personal and professional development and growth, with the sole goal of societal inclusion and contribution. The key competences framed by the European Commission are:

- **Traditional Skills:**
  - Communication in mother tongue
  - Communication in foreign languages

- **Digital Skills:**
  - Literacy
  - Basic skills in math and science

- **Horizontal Skills:**
  - Learning to learn
  - Social and civic responsibility
  - Initiative and entrepreneurship
  - Cultural awareness and creativity

These key competences and specific sub-competences have been included within the educational programs of the EU countries. The educational policy in promoting the key competences is to 1) preparing effective learning materials and contexts for the learners, 2) decreasing early school-leaving, 3) increasing the participation to early childhood education and 4) improving the support mechanisms of the teachers and other shareholders. To this end, the Ministry of National Education has embarked on an extensive review and revision project for all educational programs, including English language education program, to include those key competences and to support the acquisition of them among learners.

English language education programs, like any other contemporary language programs, are not based on any course content on the grounds that language programs aim at teaching language skills and developing communicative competences (Canale & Swain, 1983). In other words, a foreign language program based on CEFR is framed in terms of language skills which stand for objectives for each unit, linguistic realizations of those language skills by referring to grade and language proficiency and pedagogic dimensions, such as suggested contexts and tasks as well as sample assignments shaped by specific language strategy (O’Malley & Chamot, 1990; Oxford, 1990, 1996). Therefore, any attempt to include key competences (as well as values education) to a foreign language education program is a challenging one. However, as the theoretical dimension of an educational continuum, an educational program can possibly offer what methodological choices course book authors and teachers should make to materialize the present program and thus the key competences and values in the classroom. To this end, teachers and course book authors are provided with specific suggestions in the program. In addition, the syllabus for each grade was reviewed to include the key competences and values as themes or topics, specifically to help teachers and course book authors to make effective contextual choices and other supplementary and additional materials.
VALUES EDUCATION IN THE PROGRAM

No contemporary scholar of the educational sciences would discuss or describe education at any level without certain universal and local values that are critical for the individuals and societies. As prescribed in Basic Law of the National Education No. 1739 as well as in the modern literature concerned (UNESCO, 1995), values refer to the personal and societal beliefs and attitudes that are framed by specific universal and national dispositions, such as (but not limited to) Awareness of Environment, Awareness of Historical Heritage, Being Diligent, Cooperation, Family and Friendship, Generosity, Helpfulness, Mercifulness, Modesty, Self-confidence, Self-esteem, Sense of Justice and Being Just, Self-regulation, Patience Respect, Responsibility, Patriotism and Sense of Freedom.

The review process of the program was also about the question of how to include those and similar values into the syllabi for all of the grades. Similar with the efforts spent for the inclusion of the eight key competences to the program, the values were primarily embedded into the themes and topics of each unit as much as the language skills and functions covered in those units permitted such an update. Teachers and course book authors are encouraged to make use of key competences and values depicted in the program.

TESTING AND EVALUATION APPROACH OF THE PROGRAM

Testing as the superordinate construct, or assessment and evaluation in particular is one of the most important aspects of the program owing to the fact that a testing procedure inconsistent with the nature of the program would jeopardize all of the linguistic and pedagogic infrastructure and objectives. This inconsistency might shape the way teachers teach as well as the way students tend to learn, which are not depicted in the program. Ultimately, such divergence might even lead to the instructional phenomenon, which is known as negative and harmful washback (Özmen, 2012). Therefore, it is critically important to accentuate that learning, teaching and testing are part of a whole, interacting constantly with each other in shaping not only teachers’ instructional choices but also students’ learning strategies, and even parents’ attitudes toward what is critical and valuable in educative provisions.

From this point of view, the theory of the testing procedures in the present program is not different from that of learning and teaching: The theoretical frame of testing, assessment and evaluation processes is primarily based on the CEFR, in which various types of assessment and evaluation techniques are emphasized. Those are heavily centered on alternative and process oriented testing procedures. In addition self-assessment is also emphasized, as students are encouraged and expected to monitor their own progress and achievement in the development of communicative competences (Bachman, 1990; CoE, 2001). To this end, each unit includes a list of achievements to be met by the students; this will be converted to self-assessment checklists which ask students to assess their own learning from an action-based perspective. In other words, children are prompted to answer questions such as “What did you learn?”, “How much do you think you learned?” and “What do you think you can do in real life, based on what you learned in class?”

In addition to alternative process oriented testing techniques and self-assessment, formal evaluation will be carried out through the application of written and oral exams, quizzes, homework assignments and projects in order to provide an objective record of students’ success. This aspect of the testing procedures is based on Bachman’s (1990) theoretical proposals for testing ‘communicative competences’. Although the early stages of the program, specifically the 2nd and the 3rd grades, young learners of English are not tested by any summative testing procedures (McKay, 2006). Instead, formative testing mechanisms work in cooperation with regular in- and outside-the-class tasks to create positive attitudes, beliefs and motives toward learning English. However, with the 4th grade and onwards, a set of formative and summative testing procedures are offered to test the communicative competences and thus the language proficiency of the students.

The explicit philosophy of the program toward testing is that all kinds of testing procedures, including summative and formative assessment techniques or product and process oriented tests are to;
• cover four language skills and implicit assessment of language components;
• vary in terms of learning styles and cognitive characteristics of the students;
• be in consistent with the learning and teaching methodology depicted in the program;
• be in line with the students’ developmental characteristics;
• create positive and beneficial washback effect;
• include self-assessment, reflection and feedback and
• help students identify their strengths and weaknesses and target areas that need work.

These propositions address the nature of the concrete testing techniques that should be exploited by the teachers for diagnostic, reflective and assessment purposes. Specifically for lower secondary education (from 5th grade to 8th grade), a rich variety of testing techniques is necessary to assess and evaluate students’ language proficiency, to help students observe their pace and to support instructional process by shaping how students study English outside the classroom. To reach those goals, particular formative and summative assessment methods might be accentuated: Formative assessments for English classrooms are generally low stakes examinations, which have little or no point value. Instead they are offered to facilitate learning process. For instance, students may be asked to 1) design a poster about the course to exhibit their learning and 2) summarize the main points of the course at the end of the lesson.

However, summative assessments procedures basically aim at evaluate students’ learning at the end of a specified instructional period by comparing the results against previously established standards or benchmark. Generally labeled as high stake examinations (having high point value), summative assessment techniques are to be in line with the nature of learning and teaching that are adopted by the educational program and the teacher. Some of the summative techniques are: 1) a project, such as a visual dictionary prepared throughout the semester and 2) a regular pencil-paper examination. Inevitably, those specific testing techniques address the fact that the educational program offers both process and product oriented testing techniques (Brown & Abeywickrama, 2010). Such diversity in testing design is expected to strengthen the learning experiences of the students.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language Skills</th>
<th>Testing Techniques*</th>
<th>Suggestions for Test Preparation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Speaking</strong></td>
<td>Collaborative or singular drama performances (Simulations, Role-plays, Side-coaching), Debates, Group or pair discussions, Describing a picture/video/story, etc., Discussing a picture/video/story, etc., Giving short responses in specific situations, Information gap, Opinion gap, Reporting an event/anecdote, etc., Short presentations, Talking about a visual/table/chart, etc.</td>
<td>• Make sure you have prepared a reliable assessment rubric to assess students. • Anxiety and inhibition may cause problems: Provide a relaxing atmosphere in testing. • Encourage self- and peer-assessment if applies (for higher proficiency grades).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Listening</strong></td>
<td>Different variations of matching (...the sentences with paragraphs ... pictures with the sentences, etc.), Discriminating between phonemes, Identifying interlocutors’ intentions and implicatures, Listen and perform/complete an action (E.g.: Listen and draw/paint, listen and match, listen and put the correct order, listen and spot the mistake, etc.), Listen and tick (the words, the themes, the situations or events, the people, etc.), Omitting the irrelevant information, Putting into order/reordering, Recognizing phonemic variations, Selective listening for morphological structure and affixation, True/False/No information, Understanding overall meaning and supporting details, Recognizing specific information, Questions and answers.</td>
<td>• Include both bottom-up and top-down listening techniques. • Bottom-up techniques typically focus on sounds, words, intonation, important grammatical structures, and other components of spoken language. • Top-down techniques are concerned with the activation of schemata, with deriving meaning, with global understanding, and with the interpretation of a text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language Skills</td>
<td>Testing Techniques*</td>
<td>Suggestions for Test Preparation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
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<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Reading**     | Different variations of matching (...the sentences with paragraphs, ...pictures with the sentences, etc.), Finding specific information, Finding a title to a text, Identifying the gist and supporting details, Intensive reading, Read and perform / complete and action (E.g.: Read and guess the meaning of lexemes, Read and draw/paint, Read and solve the riddle), Solving a puzzle, Spotting text mechanics (reference, substitution, various types ellipses), True/False/No information, Transferring the text to a table/chart (Information transfer), Understanding the author’s intention, Questions and answers. | • Include both bottom-up and top-down reading techniques.  
• Bottom-up techniques focus on morphological dynamics, words, collocations, key grammatical structures, and other components of written language.  
• Top-down techniques are concerned with the activation of schemata, with deriving meaning, with global understanding, and with the interpretation of a text. |
| **Writing**      | Describing a picture/visual/video, etc., Filling in a form (hotel check in form, job application form, etc.), Note taking/making, Preparing an outline, Preparing a list (shopping list, a to-do list, etc.), Reporting a table or a chart, Rephrasing, Rewriting, Writing short notes, entries and responses, Writing a paragraph/essay/e-mail/journal entry/etc., Writing a topic sentence/thesis statement | • Make sure you have prepared a reliable assessment rubric to assess students.  
• Provide a Genre (what to write), Audience (whom to write) and Purpose (why to write) for each writing assessment task.  
• Encourage self- and peer-assessment if applies (for higher proficiency grades). |
| **Samples for Integrated Skills** | Summarizing a text (listening/reading and writing), Taking notes (listening and writing), Reporting an event (listening/reading and speaking), Paraphrasing (listening/reading and writing), Preparing a mind-map (reading/listening and writing), Cloze/C-test (reading and writing), Dictation (listening and writing), Reading a text and present it (reading and speaking), Writing a text and present it (reading and speaking), Outlining a reading text (reading and writing) | • Offer authentic or real-like tasks to promote communicative testing.  
• Avoid offering tasks beyond students’ current intellectual and cognitive maturity.  
• Provide samples to trigger task completion via linguistic performance. |
| **Alternative Assessment** | Portfolio Assessment, Project Assessment, Performance Assessment, Creative Drama Tasks, Class Newspaper/Social Media Projects, Journal Performance, etc. | • Determine initially the content, criteria for task inclusion, describe criteria for grading and the analytic rubric carefully, and present those aspects to the students before the application. Make sure students understand and accept the rules of application.  
• Encourage the inclusion of all language skills in portfolio content with equal weight and value.  
• Note that portfolio assessment procedure would be incomplete and thus useless without feedback and reflection. |

* Please note that the testing techniques offered in the table are merely suggestions; different testing techniques that comply with the communicative testing philosophy may be exploited by the teachers, course book authors and material developers.

**STRUCTURE OF THE CURRICULUM**

In framing the new curricular model for English, no single teaching methodology has been designated. Instead, an action-oriented approach grounded in current educational research and international teaching standards has been adopted, taking into account the three descriptors of the CEFR comprising learner autonomy, self-assessment, and appreciation for cultural diversity (CoE, 2001). In doing so, it is expected that learners will become confident and proficient users of English, developing appreciation for their own unique culture while learning to understand and value a broad spectrum of international languages and cultures in accordance with CEFR’s.
Instructional design: The curricular model is divided into 3 learning stages with respect to the language uses, functions and learning materials that are introduced. At the earliest levels, comprising grades 2 through 4, the main emphasis is on listening and speaking. Reading, writing, and grammatical structures are not a focus at this stage, in line with research indicating that younger children learn languages best through songs, games, and hands-on activities (Cameron, 2001). Thus, reading and writing tasks at the lower grade levels are limited. At the earliest stages, learners are introduced to English through cognates; these are believed to provide a bridge between languages, helping learners to transition from the known to the unknown using terms that are easily recognizable (Rodriguez, 2001). This concept is supported by Krashen’s (1988) argument that language input must be interesting, relevant and comprehensible to stimulate comprehension. In the 5th and 6th grades, as students continue to develop their language skills, exposure to short texts is introduced. At the same time, these learners may participate in controlled writing activities such as filling out a club membership registration card with their name, date of birth, address, and other concrete, factual information. In the 7th and 8th grades, older students who have formed the necessary foundation for an understanding of literacy issues will then be exposed to reading and writing as an integral aspect of language learning, such as reading simple texts or writing short, simple stories about their friends (Bayyurt & Alptekin, 2000). This approach follows Cummins’ (1984) model, which advocates a progression from cognitively undemanding, context-embedded activities to cognitively demanding, context-embedded tasks, moving from familiar to unfamiliar concepts in building language and literacy skills.

Accordingly, the learning materials and language functions to be taught have been selected to reflect the types of activities appropriate to each learning phase. At stages 1 and 2, comprising the 2nd - 4th and the 5th - 6th grades, similar materials types and language functions are given; these are expected to be adapted to suit the activities specified for each level. At stage 3, additional materials and functions are used along with those applied at stages 1 and 2. This design will permit classroom teachers to choose from the learning applications they feel are best suited to the specific needs of their students.

As noted by Larsen-Freeman and Anderson (2011), attention to the formal aspects of language is an essential element in the construction of meaning; therefore, it is necessary to consider these in the context of communicative language learning. However, in accordance with Cameron’s (2001) contention that children’s grammatical knowledge of a language emerges naturally through “the space between words and discourse” (p. 18), the structural features of English are handled implicitly as learners/users develop communicative skills, rather than addressed as a separate issue.

Instructional materials: For each grade level, a series of 10 sample units is provided, structured around interrelated themes. The use of thematic units is supported by Hale and Cunningham (2011), who point out that this approach allows educators to present new information in a manner that is both relevant and interesting to learners, encouraging them to build on existing knowledge while at the same time revisiting earlier material in as a means of supporting retention. In order to create a link between language learning and daily life, the themes for each unit have been chosen to reflect ideas and issues that are familiar to young students; therefore, themes such as family, friends, animals, holidays, leisure activities and so on are highlighted. In consideration of the CEFR’s emphasis on developing intercultural competence and appreciation for cultural diversity (CoE, 2001), cultural issues are also addressed. Elements of both the target culture and international cultures are presented in a positive and non-threatening manner (Elyildirim & Ashton-Hayes, 2006) in keeping with the themes of each unit, at the same time stressing the value of home culture in order to avoid the formation of negative attitudes.

Materials developers are encouraged to follow this model in the design of integrated resources that can be tailored to meet the needs of students in a diverse range of contexts with respect to school type, sociocultural outlook and economic status, thus allowing classroom teachers greater discretion in the selection of appropriate activities and learning materials (Trujillo, Torrecillas, & Salvadores, 2004). On the other hand, although previous English language curricula have been designed according to the principles of communicative language teaching, conventional textbooks have often allowed for too much flexibility in classroom application. As a result,
there has been a tendency among some teachers to repurpose the tasks that are presented, frequently de-emphasizing their communicative aspect. For instance, instead of teaching an interactive question-and-answer song, a teacher might adapt it as a listen-and-fill-the-blanks activity. To address this issue, teacher resource packs, which may consist of lesson plans, printed handouts, flashcards, audio-visual materials and so on, will be considered besides textbooks, particularly at the 2nd, 3rd and 4th grade levels. These packages may be adapted according to a particular teaching context, thus supporting classroom instructors in meeting the needs of their students while at the same time maintaining compliance with the objectives of the newly established curricular model.

A suggested model: It is often the case that, in spite of careful planning, a curricular model differs in many respects from the one that is put into practice; numerous external factors may affect its application, including school administrators, facilities, classroom resources and materials, teachers, class size, parents, and the students themselves. Therefore, the ultimate success of this program requires the external support, careful planning and committed partnership of all involved. It is also important to note that such models are broad frames that addresses millions of students and thousands of teachers in Turkey’s case. Therefore, a fine-tuned English education is not only based on a generic model of English curriculum, but rather to a careful planning, getting familiar with the characteristics of the school district and the demography so that the administrators and teachers could be able to identify the needs, expectations and possible readiness level of the students.

Model English Language Curriculum (For 2nd – 8th Grades)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Levels [CEFR*] (Hours / Week)</th>
<th>Grades</th>
<th>Skill focus</th>
<th>Main activities/Strategies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 [A1] (2)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listening and Speaking</td>
<td>TPR/Arts and crafts/Drama</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Listening and Speaking Vertical Reading and Writing°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Listening and Speaking Vertical Reading and Writing°</td>
<td>Drama/Role-play</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Listening and Speaking Vertical Reading and Writing°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 [A1] (3)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Listening and Speaking Vertical Reading and Writing°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Listening and Speaking Vertical Reading and Writing°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Listening and Speaking Vertical Reading and Writing°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 [A2] (4)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Primary: Listening and Speaking Secondary: Reading and Writing</td>
<td>Theme-based ∞</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Primary: Listening and Speaking Secondary: Reading and Writing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Primary: Listening and Speaking Secondary: Reading and Writing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

° Any skill marked as very limited refers to short and simple oral/written texts and materials. For instance, in the 2nd through the 4th grades, the focus is primarily on developing listening and speaking skills, as supported by Cameron’s (2001) assertion that “for young learners, spoken language is the medium through which the new language is encountered, understood, practiced and learnt” (p. 18). Therefore, activities involving reading and writing are limited to the word level (e.g., learners see a picture of a cat and write the word “cat” underneath). On the other hand, skills marked as limited are used for no more than 25 words at a time for the grade level indicated; accordingly, at the 5th and 6th grade levels, as students continue to develop their language skills, exposure to reading is upgraded to the sentence level. In the 7th and 8th grades, older students who have formed the necessary foundation for an understanding of literacy issues will then be exposed to reading and writing as an integral aspect of language learning.

∞ Theme-based instruction is characterized by the following: a highly contextualized language learning environment; language usage and lexis centered around the topic; and skills and activities integrated by the theme selected, with the topic of instruction (e.g., scientists, geography, responsibilities at home, etc.) serving as a connecting thread and targeting meaningful, situation-based learning.
All of the foreign language skills [Reading (R), Listening (L), Speaking (S¹), and Writing (W)] were addressed throughout the new program for English language, yet little emphasis is given to reading and writing in the second and third grades. The learning outcomes specified within the program were coded with regard to the course name, grade, unit title/theme number, language skill and the number of the learning outcomes. Language skills were also coded to pinpoint the place of a given objective throughout the syllabus. These codes were then assigned to each learning outcome, as follows:

The functions and the useful language, language skills and learning outcomes as well as suggested materials/tasks/contexts/assignments were presented in three different consecutive columns in the syllabus. Below are provided the definitions for each of those titles:

1. Functions and Useful Language: The functions refer to the communicative role(s) of a given form in a context of situation. The present syllabus is structured in terms of communicative functions and specific useful language units with which functions are associated to offer a linguistic repertoire throughout a continuum of a language proficiency depicted in and for each grade. Thereby, teachers and material designers should be informed that the functions and associated useful language are hierarchical in nature; that is to say, the functions and useful language units are built on one another and constructed in a cyclical way.

2. Language Skills and Learning Outcomes: The second column comprises language skills that are presented as specific subskills and/or strategies. Those subskills and strategies are associated with the functions and useful language in terms of theme, context and task requirements. Hence, it is important to accentuate that each objective specified in learning outcomes can be fulfilled merely by addressing the language functions and their linguistic realizations.

3. Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments: This column presents suggested contexts, tasks and assignments to help students achieve a success in practicing the input and language skills in the preceding columns. It is highly recommended that teachers and material developers exploit those suggestions to provide students with a wide range of learning repertoire addressing different learning styles and strategies.

¹ Speaking skill was identified as Spoken Interaction (SI) and Spoken Production (SP) in the 6th, 7th and 8th Grade programs.
IMPORTANT ISSUES FOR THE APPLICATION OF THE PROGRAM

Our language learning environment is characterized by the following communicative features:

• Communication is carried out in English as much as possible.
• Communication is focused on the creation of real meaning.
• Students listen and speak just as they would in a target language community.
• Students use their developing English skills in every aspect of learning.
• Students are continuously exposed to English through audio and visual materials.
• Enjoyment of language learning is fostered through activities such as arts and crafts, TPR, and drama.
• Students are taught to value their mother tongue and feel validated in using it as needed while they move forward on their journey in English.
• L1 (first language) usage is not prohibited or discouraged, but it should be employed only as necessary (i.e., for giving complex instructions or explaining difficult concepts).
• Students are supported and guided by smiling teachers who “understand” what they are saying.
• Teachers are present in the classroom mainly for communicating in English (and, if necessary, in Turkish).
• The focus of learning is on deepening communication, rather than on completing curricular items within a given period of time.
• Errors are not addressed during communication, so as not to disrupt the flow; problem areas are noted by the teacher and addressed at a later time through practice and reinforcement.
• Students frequently encounter materials that have previously been covered in order to reinforce what they already know.
• Students develop high motivation for learning by completing challenging, yet achievable activities.
• Students produce materials to share with the rest of the school and the outside world.
• Parents are encouraged to be part of the process and are kept up-to-date on their child’s learning through parent-child meetings.
• Students develop communicative skills in English by “doing things with the language” rather than by “learning about the language”.
• Course book authors and material developers are expected to address values and key competences depicted in the program by making effective context choices.
• Course book authors and material developers are expected to include values and key competences depicted in the program implicitly in course materials.
2nd AND 3rd GRADE ENGLISH PROGRAM - SUGGESTIONS FOR PRACTICE

• Go from the familiar to the unfamiliar. Use cognates as a starting point (e.g., doctor, zebra, gorilla). Use media, cultural artifacts and people as much as possible to contextualize the lessons and to keep students’ interest alive.

• Remind children that learning English language is easy and enjoyable.

• Do not correct students’ errors on the spot. Note down the language issues that cause confusion, and then practice them as much as possible.

• In 2nd Grade curriculum, vocabulary and structures are kept at least level. There are two basic reasons. The first one is increasing motivation and interest of students to English Language by endearing with the activities done with them. The second one is giving more importance to interaction instead of content thus the activities in the lessons will be enjoyable and instructional. Interact with students through question-answer and repetition techniques.

• The curriculum should be viewed and practiced as a spiral entity. Remind students’ earlier learning and use previous activities, songs and vocabulary to support retention.

• Suggest students frequently that they sing the songs they learn at school. Recommend the parents to encourage and appreciate their children.

• Use “headlines” when you speak, especially at lower grade levels. A headline is using the most expressive word in a chunk (especially with a rising or falling intonation) to get the message across. Examples:
  
  Are you thirsty? “Water?” / Are you having fun “Fun?”
  
  Take out your crayons. “Your crayons!” / It’s easy, isn’t it? “Easy, huh?”

• Students should not have notebooks at the 2nd and 3rd grade levels, as the focus is on listening and speaking only. Do not give them the lyrics of the songs you are singing as reading material. They should pick the words up from the song and from you.

• Reading aloud is an interesting activity for this age group. Use drama and gestures as you read. Change your voice as appropriate, especially to voice a different character.

• Units are not discrete. You can always move between and among the units. Integrate bits and pieces as much as you like so as to make the communication run smoothly.

• Note the importance of differences between home and target culture, and be pedagogically correct. For instance, do not create negative models for students, as is the case with the teaching of elements such as food items in many materials. Refrain from giving examples such as children looking at fruits and vegetables and saying “yuck!”.
REFERENCES


Commission of the European Communities. (2009). Key competences for a changing world: Draft 2010 joint progress report of the Council and the Commission on the implementation of the “Education & Training 2010 work programme”.


## SUGGESTED CONTEXTS AND TASKS/ACTIVITIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contexts</th>
<th>Tasks/Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advertisements</td>
<td>Arts and Crafts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biographical Texts</td>
<td>Chants and Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blogs</td>
<td>Competitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brochures</td>
<td>Drama</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Captions</td>
<td>Role Play</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cards</td>
<td>Simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cartoons</td>
<td>Pantomime</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalogues</td>
<td>Drawing and Coloring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chants and Songs</td>
<td>Find Someone Who …</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charts</td>
<td>Games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conversations</td>
<td>Guessing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diaries/Journal Entries</td>
<td>Information Transfer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dictionaries</td>
<td>Information/Opinion Gap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mails</td>
<td>Labeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fables</td>
<td>Making Puppets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairy Tales</td>
<td>Matching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formal Letters</td>
<td>Question and Answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humorous encounters</td>
<td>Reordering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illustrations</td>
<td>Storytelling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instructions</td>
<td>Synonyms and Antonyms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jokes</td>
<td>True/False/No information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lists</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maps</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>News reports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes, Memos, and Messages</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notices</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Letters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone Conversations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picture Dictionaries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Picture Strip Stories</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plays</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Podcasts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poems</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postcards</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Posters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probes/Realia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questionnaires and Surveys</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio Recordings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recipes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhymes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Songs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stories</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tables</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tongue Twisters</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TV Programs/News</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Videos</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weather Reports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Websites</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SAMPLE COMMUNICATIVE FUNCTIONS AND USEFUL LANGUAGE

Useful language part offered in the table are suggestions ONLY; different fixed expressions or cliches that comply with the communicative functions may be exploited by the teacher, course book authors and material developers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communicative Functions</th>
<th>Suggested Useful Language</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Apologizing</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sorry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I’m (so/very/terribly) sorry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ever so sorry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pardon me.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>That’s my fault.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sorry. It was all my fault.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I apologize.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I’m sorry.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I’m sorry but...</td>
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<td></td>
<td>It’s my bad.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sorry about that.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oh, my bad.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>My mistake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I had that wrong.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I was wrong on that.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>My apologies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sorry, my apologies.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I’d like to apologize.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I want to apologize.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I owe you an apology.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I hope you can forgive me.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>That was wrong of me.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I take full responsibility.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Accepting and Refusing</strong></th>
<th>Would you like some cake?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Yes, please.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No, thank you.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Sure. Thanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— I’d better not. Thanks anytime.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Okay. Thank you.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No, but thanks for offering.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>— Thank you, yes I would.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— I’d love some, thank you.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Yes, I would. Thank you for offering.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Would you like to go to the movie?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Okay. Sounds good.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No, I’d rather not.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Sure, I’d love to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— I’m sorry, but I can’t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Yeah. Good idea.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No, but thanks for inviting me.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Sure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— For sure.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Yes, that sounds like fun. Thank you for inviting.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— I’m sorry, but I can’t make it.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How about some more pie?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Want any pie?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— All right. Thanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Yes, I’ll have some, thanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No, thanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No, but thanks for asking.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Looks good. Thanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— I’m really full. Thanks anyway.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Looks delicious, but I’ll have to pass.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How about going skiing this weekend?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Great. What time?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Sorry. I’m busy this weekend.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicative Functions</td>
<td>Suggested Useful Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asking and giving</td>
<td>— Sounds like fun.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>directions</td>
<td>— I don’t think I can.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— How about some other time?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Well, sorry but ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do you want to come to</td>
<td>Want to come to my party?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>my party tomorrow?</td>
<td>— Sure, thanks for the invite.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Sounds great! What time should I be there?</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>— I’ll be there!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Thanks for asking but I’m busy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Sorry, I can’t make it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are you free tomorrow</td>
<td>— Yes, I would love to attend your party. Thank you for the invitation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>evening? I’m hosting a</td>
<td>— Yes, that sounds like fun, thank you for inviting me.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>party.</td>
<td>— I’m sorry but I can’t make it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— I can’t attend, but thank you for the invitation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asking for permission</td>
<td>Can (May) I open the window?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>May I have a word?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>May I share my opinion?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Would it be OK if I open(ed) the window?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Would it be all right if I open(ed) the window?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do you think I could ....?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do you mind if I ....?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Is it OK if I ....?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Are we allowed to .....?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asking personal</td>
<td>When was your birthday?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>questions</td>
<td>When were you born?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Where were you born?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Describing</td>
<td>What does s/he look like?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>characters/people</td>
<td>— She is young and good-looking. She is twenty-five years old.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— She is young and good-looking, with dark eyes and long red hair.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— He is tall and thin, with brown hair. He is twenty-five years old.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>— She is average height, dark-haired, quite thin, and wears glasses.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>— She’s about fifty.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>— He is old, short, medium-build, with gray hair and a beard.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— She has dark eyes, wavy blond hair, and a nice figure. She looks great.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>— He is a handsome middle-aged man. She is a pretty young girl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— You look awful.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What is s/he like?</td>
<td>— He is friendly and dependable. He is interesting and amusing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— He is smart and honest. He also has a good sense of humor. I like him.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— She is careless and lazy. You can’t depend on her.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— She is serious, organized, hard-working, and tough.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— He is old, sick, and lonely. She is a nice clever girl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— His character is terrible. He is hostile and bad-tempered. He doesn’t have many friends.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicative Functions</td>
<td>Suggested Useful Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Describing general events and repeated actions | — She is knowledgeable and broad-minded, and she likes to help young people.  
What does s/he like?  
— He likes ice cream and chocolate. She likes apples and oranges.  
— She likes modern music. He likes old movies and classical music.  
— She likes to read. He likes to play with his dog.  
What are you interested in?  
— I'm interested in medicine. He is interested in politics. She is interested in history.  
— I'm interested in sports. I'm into computers. I'm a movie fan. I like rock music.  

- Children dance and sing on Children's Day in Turkey.  
- Chinese wear colorful clothes in Chinese New Year.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Describing places</th>
<th>My city is big. It is beautiful /marvelous/ crowded/ modern/ magnificent/ stunning/ historic/industrial.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Describing sizes and shapes</td>
<td>It is round/circle/square /triangle/rectangle/curved/curvy/flat/geometric/ round /straight /three-dimensional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Describing the weather                   | It is sunny.  
The weather is cloudy today.  
The weather is nice today. The weather is good today. The weather is awful today.  
Nice weather, isn't it? Terrible weather, isn't it? It’s a nice day, isn’t it?  
It’s warm today. It’s hot today. It is cold and windy.  
It’s humid. It’s hot and humid. It's cloudy, but there's no rain.  
| Describing what people do and expressing what people like | What does s/he do?  
What does s/he like?  
— She’s a teacher, and she likes teaching children.  
What is your job?  
— I’m a doctor. I work at a hospital.  
— I’m a farmer. I like animals and I work on a farm. |
| Describing what people/animals are doing now | What is/are ...doing?  
— The cat is climbing the tree.  
— The boy is feeding the birds.  
— The vet is examining the rabbit.  
— The puppies are playing. |
| Describing what people do regularly      | I brush my teeth every morning. / I play with my friends everyday.  
I wake up at 7.00 o’clock.  
I get up at 7.15.  
I wash my hands/face.  
I go to school.  
I listen to music. |
| Expressing concern and sympathy          | I am sorry to hear that.  
I’m sorry to hear about ..........  
Please accept my condolences.  
That’s so sad.  
I hope things get better soon.  
I hope you feel better soon. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communicative Functions</th>
<th>Suggested Useful Language</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Expressing ability and inability | I can run, but I can't fly.  
I can't help you. I am busy.  
I’m unable to help you.  
I can stand on my head for five minutes.  
Can you speak Arabic?  
   -Yes, I can.  
You can do much better, I’m sure.  
He can speak English fluently.  
She cannot do it without help.  
He can’t speak French very well.  
I’m sorry; I won’t be able to help you.  
I couldn’t answer his questions.  
He’s incapable of behaving badly to anyone.  
She’s incapable of hard work.  
He’s unable to help her.  
I tried to move it, but I couldn’t.  
I’ve never been any good at repairing things. |
| Expressing and responding to thanks | Thank you very much.  
You’re welcome.  
Not at all.  
Don’t mention it.  
(It’s) my pleasure.  
It was nothing.  
That’s alright/OK.  
No problem.  
Any time.  
It was very kind of you  
I appreciate your help  
You’ve been very helpful  
Thanks anyway  
Thank you for ….  
Appreciate it!  
Sure  
No sweat.  
Don’t worry about it.  
It's the least I could do  
I can’t thank you enough  
I owe you big time  
Thanks a million!  
Think nothing of it  
I'm glad I could help  
It's no bother  
I thank you from the bottom of my heart. |
| Expressing basic needs | I want some water. / I need some water.  
I’m hungry.  
I’m thirsty.  
A coffee would be nice.  
I could do with a coffee  
I’d love a cup of coffee.  
I’m dying for a coffee.  
I could kill for a cup of coffee.  
I feel like a cup of coffee.  
A coffee would go down well now.  
I really need a cup of coffee.  
A coffee would really hit the spot. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communicative Functions</th>
<th>Suggested Useful Language</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Expressing illnesses, needs and feelings** | I feel cold.  
I have the flu.  
I have a fever.  
I have toothache/headache/stomachache.  
He feels cold and tired. He needs pills. |
| **Expressing likes and dislikes**      | I like ice cream. / I don't like coffee.  
I love............  
I really like .....  
I like ....  
I don't really like ....  
I don't like.....  
I don't like.....very much.  
I hate ....  
I dislike  
I'm crazy about...  
I'm mad about....  
I enjoy...  
I'm keen on...  
I'm fond of....  
I don't really like classical music.  
Classical music is not very me.  
Classical music is not my style.  
Classical music doesn't do anything for me.  
Classical music is not my thing.  
I'm not into classical music.  
I'm not much of a classical music fan.  
I never listen to classical music.  
I dislike classical music.  
I can't bear classical music.  
I can't stand classical music. |
| **Expressing obligation**              | I must help my mom.  
I must attend classes regularly.  
I have to help my mom. |
| **Giving explanation and reasons**     | I went to Ankara to see my grandparents.  
Can you tell me why....?  
What does that mean?  
What's the meaning of that word?  
Does that mean yes or no?  
I'm afraid I don't understand.  
Could you explain the first part please?  
I see/ I understand.  
Thank you, I see now.  
I still don't see/understand.  
I'm afraid I still don't understand/follow.  
I mean this...  
I'm trying to say this...  
What I mean is this...  
Do you understand?  
Is that the right word?  
Am I making myself clear?  
I'll be out on Friday.  
In other words, on Friday I won't be here.  
That was because we were late. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communicative Functions</th>
<th>Suggested Useful Language</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Giving simple directions</td>
<td>It's to prevent people from parking here. The reason for this is money. It's caused by the hot weather. Why did he do that? What's the reason for this? Can you explain this?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greeting, saluting, and meeting people</td>
<td>Open the window. Turn off the radio. Don't make noise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greeting, saluting, and meeting people</td>
<td>Hello. / Hi. Good morning. Good afternoon. Good evening. Good night. Good to see you! Nice to see you! Nice to have you here! Hello, ... (name) Nice to meet you. (informal) Pleased to meet you. How do you do? (formal) Nice to see you. Nice to see you again. Nice meeting you. My pleasure. Me, too. Say Good bye. Bye. / See you. OK, see you later! See you soon. See you tomorrow. See you next week. Take (good) care! How are you? How are you today? -Fine, thank you/thanks. Not too bad. Very well. I'm okay / all right. Not too well, actually.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introducing People</td>
<td>What's your name? My name is ... I am ... My friends call me ... You can call me ... This is ... Meet ... Haven't we met (before)? -Yes, I think we have. -No, I don't think we have. -I think we've already met. -I don't think we've met (before).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicative Functions</td>
<td>Suggested Useful Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Handling phone conversations</strong></td>
<td>May I talk to Ayşe, please?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Is Alex there?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I will talk to you soon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can I speak to ......?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can I ask who is speaking?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I’ll call you later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leave a message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hi Simon, it’s Anna.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Did you get my message?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can I speak to Rob, please?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hi, Jenny. Where are you?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thanks for getting back to me.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leave a message after the beep.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What’s your number?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I’m returning your call.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Identifying countries and nationalities</strong></td>
<td>I am Turkish./Ankara is in Turkey./China is in Asia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Where are you from?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Where do you come from?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Making comparisons</strong></td>
<td>A skyscraper is taller than a house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Which city is more beautiful?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>New York or Istanbul?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Who is taller Jack/Mike?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Making simple inquiries</strong></td>
<td>What is .......... in English?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do you get up early?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What do/does .......... look like?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What is/are .......... like?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Has/Have .......... got .................?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Making simple requests</strong></td>
<td>Would you close the door, please?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pardon me?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can you say that again, please?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Say that again, please</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can I use your computer, please?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Could I borrow some money from you please?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do you mind if I …?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Making/accepting/refusing simple suggestions</strong></td>
<td>Let’s play!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Let’s have a break.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Take a break.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Let’s go fishing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Let’s go hiking!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Let’s get started.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-OK/That sounds great./That’s a good idea.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How about jogging?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-Sorry. I can’t now. I must study.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-No. I am too tired.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>-Well, sorry but I must…</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Talking about daily routines</strong></td>
<td>I wake up in the morning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I have breakfast with my mother and brother on Sundays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I meet my friends at school.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I go to the playground in the afternoon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I go shopping with my mom on Saturdays.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I do my homework.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I go to bed at night.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communicative Functions</td>
<td>Suggested Useful Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talking about locations of things, people, and countries</td>
<td>The bed is near the window. Where is Stella now? — She’s in İzmir.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talking about nature and animals</td>
<td>This/That/It is a frog. It's big and green. Is the whale red? — Yes, it is. — No, it isn’t. — This whale/It is blue.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI


Temel Düzey Kullanıcı
Giriş veya Keşif Düzeyi (A1) Ortak Yeti Açıklamaları

Öğrenciler sıklıkla ve günlük deyişlerle somut gerekşimleri karşılamayı hedefleyen son derece yalin ifadeleri anlayabilir ve kullanabilir. Kendini veya bir başkasını tanıtabilir ve karşılıklı bir şekilde konuşabilmesi (örneğin oturduğu yer, ilişkileri, sahip olduğu şeyler vb.) sorabilir ve aynı türden sorulara yanıt verebilir. Eğer karşılıklı kişi yavaş ve kendisine yardımcı olacak biçimde konuşuyorsa öğrenci basit biçimde iletişim kurabilir.
## 2. SINIF / 2nd GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **1 Words**  | Telling people what we know | **Listening** E2.1.L1. Students will be able to identify words that are common to both Turkish and English.
**E2.1.L2.** Students will be able to match written letters with the sounds produced. | **Contexts**
Advertisements
Cartoons
Illustrations
Picture Dictionaries
Posters
Probes/Realia
Songs
Videos |
|              | This's/That's a/an ... ambulance/balloon/cake, etc. ambulance (artist/aspirin) balloon cake (café/camp) doctor (dance) electrics (e-mail) football (film) gorilla (garage) hotel Internet judo kangaroo (kilo) lemon (laptop) microphone (market) note orchestra (office) picnic (passport/plastic) quiz radio (restaurant) sport (stop/stadium) television (train) university vanilla (video) wagon yoghurt zebra | **Speaking** E2.1.S1. Students will be able to use the correct word to identify certain objects, people or animals. | **Tasks/Activities**
Arts and Crafts
Chants and Songs
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
Drawing and Coloring
Games
Labeling
Matching |
|              |                            |                                      | **Assignments**
• Students prepare a visual dictionary to show the words they know in English. |
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>2</strong></td>
<td><strong>Friends</strong></td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong></td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Asking someone’s name</strong></td>
<td><strong>E2.2.L1.</strong> Students will be able to understand simple expressions about greeting and meeting someone.**</td>
<td><strong>Advertisements</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What’s your name?</td>
<td><strong>E2.2.L2.</strong> Students will be able to understand when someone introduces himself or herself.**</td>
<td><strong>Cartoons</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—My name is John.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Illustrations</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—I’m John.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Picture Dictionaries</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—This is John.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Posters</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—John.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Probes/Realia</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Greeting and meeting people</strong></td>
<td><strong>Speaking</strong></td>
<td><strong>Songs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hi! Hello!</td>
<td><strong>E2.2.S1.</strong> Students will be able to use everyday expressions for greeting and meeting someone.**</td>
<td><strong>Videos</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Good morning!</td>
<td><strong>E2.2.S2.</strong> Students will be able to ask questions to learn someone’s name.**</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Good afternoon!</td>
<td><strong>E2.2.S3.</strong> Students will be able to ask questions to find out how they are doing.**</td>
<td><strong>Arts and Crafts</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Good night!</td>
<td><strong>E2.2.S4.</strong> Students will be able to introduce themselves in a simple way.**</td>
<td><strong>Chants and Songs</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|              | Good bye!                  |                                       | **Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)** |}

**Assignments**
- Students prepare masks to represent imaginary characters and then meet others and introduce themselves.
- Students prepare a poster to demonstrate how people greet each other.
### 2. SINIF / 2nd GRADE

#### Functions & Useful Language

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Expressing and responding to thanks</strong></th>
<th><strong>Giving and responding to simple instructions</strong></th>
<th><strong>Making simple requests</strong></th>
<th><strong>Giving simple directions</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thank you.</td>
<td>Open/Close the window/white door.</td>
<td>Excuse me?</td>
<td>Turn:... left... right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thanks.</td>
<td>Sit down.</td>
<td>I’m sorry.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You are welcome.</td>
<td>Stand up.</td>
<td>Excuse me.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Color the picture.</td>
<td>Say that again, please.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cut the paper.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Draw a balloon.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Paint the ball.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Listening</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E2.3.L1. Students will be able to understand instructions and follow short, simple directions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2.3.L2. Students will be able to tell others how to do things in the classroom.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2.3.L3. Students will be able to ask for clarification by asking the speaker to repeat what has been said.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Speaking</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E2.3.S1. Students will be able to express and respond to thanks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2.3.S2. Students will be able to ask for clarification by asking the speaker to repeat what has been said.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2.3.S3. Students will be able to express and respond to thanks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Contexts

- Advertisements
- Cartoons
- Illustrations
- Picture Dictionaries
- Posters
- Probes/Realia
- Songs
- Videos
- Ads
- Cartoons
- Illustrations
- Picture Dictionaries
- Posters
- Probes/Realia
- Songs
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities

- Arts and Crafts
- Chants and Songs
- Drama (Role Play/Simulation, Panomime)
- Drawing and Coloring
- Games
- Labeling
- Making Puppets
- Matching

#### Assignments

- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
# 2. Sınıf / 2nd Grade

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 Numbers</td>
<td>Expressing quantity</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How many ... are there?</td>
<td>E2.4.L1. Students will be able to identify and understand the names of some classroom objects.</td>
<td>Advertisements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—four (pencils).</td>
<td></td>
<td>Cartoons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—five (schoolbags).</td>
<td></td>
<td>Illustrations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—seven (books).</td>
<td></td>
<td>Picture Dictionaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Making simple inquiries</td>
<td>E2.4.L2. Students will be able to identify the numbers from 1 to 10.</td>
<td>Posters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How old are you?</td>
<td></td>
<td>Probes/Realia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—I am 7.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—I am 7 years old.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naming common objects</td>
<td>Speaking</td>
<td>Tasks/Activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>board, -s</td>
<td>E2.4.S1. Students will be able to express the correct names of the classroom objects.</td>
<td>Arts and Crafts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>book, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chants and Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>crayon, -s</td>
<td>E2.4.S2. Students will be able to express numbers from 1 to 10 and quantities of things.</td>
<td>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>desk, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Drawing and Coloring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>notebook, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>paper</td>
<td></td>
<td>Labeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>pen, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Matching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>pencil, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Questions and Answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>schoolbag, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Assignments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>scissors</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>table, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td>• In pairs, students prepare a puzzle about numbers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naming numbers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 2. SINIF / 2nd GRADE

### Unit / Theme
5 Colors

### Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

#### Functions & Useful Language
- **Expressing likes and dislikes**
  - I like red and blue.
  - I don't like brown.
- **Making simple inquiries**
  - What color is it?
  - Green.
  - It's red.
- **Naming colors**
  - black, blue, brown, green, orange, pink, purple, red, white, yellow

### Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments

#### Contexts
- Advertisements
- Cartoons
- Illustrations
- Picture Dictionaries
- Posters
- Songs
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities
- Arts and Crafts
- Chants and Songs
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Drawing and Coloring
- Games
- Labeling
- Matching
- Making Puppets
- Questions and Answers

#### Assignments
- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
- Students prepare a color scale by cutting and pasting colored papers and then present it.

---

### Listening
- **E2.5.L1.** Students will be able to understand the names for colors of things.

### Speaking
- **E2.5.S1.** Students will be able to name the colors of things.
- **E2.5.S2.** Students will be able to talk about the colors they like.
- **E2.5.S3.** Students will be able to express numbers and quantities of things.

---

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6 At the Playground | Making simple inquiries Do you dance?  
—Yes!  
—Yes, I do.  
—No!  
—No, I don’t.  
Making simple suggestions Let’s …  
… dance.  
… jump/skip (rope).  
… play chess  
football/basketball/…  
hide and seek  
… run.  
… sing.  
… slide.  
… walk. | Listening  
E2.6.L1. Students will be able to understand short, simple suggestions.  
Speaking  
E2.6.S1. Students will be able to make suggestions in a simple way.  
E2.6.S2. Students will be able to ask and answer simple questions. | Contexts  
Advertisements  
Cartoons  
Illustrations  
Posters  
Probes/Realia  
Songs  
Videos  
Tasks/Activities  
Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Games  
Labeling  
Matching  
Making Puppets  
Questions and Answers  
Assignments  
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
• In groups, students draw and name the actions they have learnt. |
## 2. SINIF / 2nd GRADE

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<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Body Parts</strong></td>
<td><strong>Making simple inquiries</strong></td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E2.7.L1. Students will be able to understand the names of their body parts.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Probes/Realia&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>What is this?</em>&lt;br&gt;—This is my finger.&lt;br&gt;—It’s my hand.&lt;br&gt;—This is my mouth.&lt;br&gt;—It’s my nose.*</td>
<td><strong>Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;E2.7.S1. Students will be able to tell the names of their body parts.&lt;br&gt;E2.7.S2. Students will be able to give short, simple and oral instructions.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Arts and Crafts&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Drawing and Coloring&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Making Puppets&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Talking about possessions</strong></td>
<td><em>My/your finger</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|              | **Telling someone what to do** | *Open/close your eyes.*<br>Point to your head.<br.Raise your hand(s).<br>Show your knee.<br.Touch your toes.*<br>
*ear, -s<br>eye, -s<br>finger, -s<br>hand, -s<br>head, -s<br>knee, -s<br>mouth, -s<br>nose, -s* | **Assignments**<br>*Students bring a photo or draw a picture to show/write the names of the body parts.* |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pets</td>
<td>Making simple inquiries</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Where is the cat?</td>
<td>E2.8.L1. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Advertisements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The cat is…</td>
<td>identify certain pet animals.</td>
<td>Captions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Where are the birds?</td>
<td>E2.8.L2. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Cartoons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The birds are…</td>
<td>follow short, simple and oral</td>
<td>Conversations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>instructions about the names and</td>
<td>Fables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Talking about locations of</td>
<td>locations of pet animals.</td>
<td>Illustrations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>things</td>
<td>Speaking</td>
<td>Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—The birds are …</td>
<td>E2.8.S1. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Stories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>… in the tree.</td>
<td>say the names of certain pet animals.</td>
<td>Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>… on the car.</td>
<td>E2.8.S2. Students will be able to</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—The cat is…</td>
<td>say where the animals are by pointing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>… under the table.</td>
<td>out them.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>bird, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cat, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>dog, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>fish</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>rabbit, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>turtle, -s</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Assignments**

- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
- Students draw the pet animals they have learnt to prepare posters and then display them on the classroom walls.
<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 9 Fruits     | Expressing likes and dislikes  
— I like watermelon.  
— I don’t like grapefruit.  
Giving and responding to simple instructions  
Touch the melon.  
Show the apples.  
—Sure.  
—Okay.  
—Of course.  
Telling someone what to do  
Cut the peach.  
Give the banana.  
Eat the grapes.  
Color the lemons.  
apple, -s  
banana, -s  
fruit, -s  
grapefruit, -s  
grape, -s  
melon, -s  
orange, -s  
peach, -es  
lemon, -s  
watermelon, -s | Listening  
**E2.9.L1.** Students will be able to recognize the names of fruits.  
**E2.9.L2.** Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions.  
Speaking  
**E2.9.S1.** Students will be able to talk about the fruits they like.  
**E2.9.S2.** Students will be able to tell others to do things with fruits by pointing out them | **Contexts**  
Advertisements  
Conversations  
Coupons  
Fairy tales  
Illustrations  
Instructions  
Lists  
Menus  
Probes/Realia  
Songs  
Tables  
Videos  
**Tasks/Activities**  
Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Games  
Labeling  
Making puppets  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
**Assignments**  
• Students draw a fruit basket with the fruits they like and name them.  
• Students play a game “find someone who” by asking each other about the fruits they like and dislike. |
### 2. SINIF / 2nd GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 Animals</td>
<td>Expressing abilities</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I am a duck. I can swim.</td>
<td>E2.10.L1. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Advertisements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I am a horse. I can run.</td>
<td>recognize the names of certain</td>
<td>Captions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Monkeys can jump.</td>
<td>animals.</td>
<td>Cartoons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Elephants can run.</td>
<td>E2.10.L2. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Conversations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fish can swim.</td>
<td>understand common expressions about</td>
<td>Fables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Birds can fly.</td>
<td>abilities.</td>
<td>Illustrations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expressing likes and dislikes</td>
<td>E2.10.S1. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Poems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I like donkeys.</td>
<td>talk about the animals they</td>
<td>Posters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I don’t like spiders.</td>
<td>like/dislike.</td>
<td>Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Making simple inquiries</td>
<td>E2.10.S2. Students will be able to</td>
<td>Stories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can you jump?</td>
<td>talk about abilities.</td>
<td>Tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—Yes. I can.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—I can jump. Can birds fly?</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—Yes.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—Yes. Birds can fly.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>chicken, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cow, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>donkey, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>duck, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>elephant, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>goat, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>horse, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lion, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>monkey, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>snake, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>spider, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI


Temel Düzey Kullanıcı
Giriş veya Keşif Düzeyi (A1) Ortak Yeti Açıklamaları

Öğrenciler sırada ve gündelik deyîşlerle somut gereksinimleri karşılamayı hedefleyen son derece yalin ifadeleri anlayabilir ve kullanabilir. Kendini veya bir başkasını tanıtabilir ve karşısındaki kişiye basit sorular (örneğin oturduğu yer, ilişkileri, sahip olduğu şeyler vb.) sorabilir ve aynı türden sorulara yanıt verebilir. Eğer karşışındaki kişi yavaş veya kendisine yardımcı olacak biçimde konuşuyorsa öğrenci basit biçimde iletişimi kurabilir.
## 3. SINIF / 3rd GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Greeting</td>
<td>Greeting and saluting</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hi!</td>
<td>E3.1.L1. Students will be able to recognize the basic expressions of greeting and saluting.</td>
<td>Captions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hello!</td>
<td>E3.1.L2. Students will be able to recognize the alphabet.</td>
<td>Cartoons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Good evening!</td>
<td>E3.1.L3. Students will be able to recognize the numbers from 1 to 20.</td>
<td>Conversations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Good night!</td>
<td></td>
<td>Illustrations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Good bye!</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rhymes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bye!</td>
<td></td>
<td>Signs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Have a good/nice...</td>
<td></td>
<td>Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>...day.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>...weekend.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>See you (soon).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Take care.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Introducing oneself</td>
<td>Speaking</td>
<td>Tasks/Activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>My name is/This is...</td>
<td>E3.1.S1. Students will be able to greet each other in a simple way.</td>
<td>Arts and Crafts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I am ...</td>
<td>E3.1.S2. Students will be able to introduce themselves in a simple way.</td>
<td>Chants and Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>... Emine/Mehmet.</td>
<td>E3.1.S3. Students will be able to spell their names.</td>
<td>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>... a student.</td>
<td>E3.1.S4. Students will be able to say the numbers from 1 to 20.</td>
<td>Drawing and Coloring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>... eight years old.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Making puppets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Spell your name, please.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Questions and Answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— B-u-r-c-u.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Reordering</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Introduction to Alphabet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Naming numbers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Numbers from 1 to 20.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>
### 3. SINIF / 3rd GRADE

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<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 2            | Asking about and introducing family members | **Listening**  
E3.2.L1. Students will be able to recognize kinship terms (names for family members).  
E3.2.L2. Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions.  
**Speaking**  
E3.2.S1. Students will be able to ask about and state the relationships of their family members.  
E3.2.S2. Students will be able to introduce their family members in a simple way. | **Contexts**  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Rhymes  
Signs  
Songs  
Videos  
**Tasks/Activities**  
Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Labeling  
Making Puppets  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
**Assignments**  
- Students bring in family photos or draw the pictures of their family members. Then they prepare a poster to introduce their family members. |

- aunt, -s  
- brother, -s  
- cousin, -s  
- daughter, -s  
- family  
- father, -s  
- grandfather, -s  
- grandmother, -s  
- mother, -s  
- sister, -s  
- son, -s  
- uncle, -s
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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</tr>
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<tr>
<td>3 People I love</td>
<td>Describing characters/people Are you young? — Yes, I am. — No, I am not. Is s/he strong? — Yes, s/he is. — No, s/he isn’t.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong> E3.3.L1. Students will be able to recognize the physical qualities of individuals. E3.3.L2. Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions. <strong>Speaking</strong> E3.3.S1. Students will be able to talk about physical qualities of individuals. E3.3.S2. Students will be able to talk about abilities.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong> Cartoons Conversations Illustrations Lists Podcasts Posters Songs Tables Videos <strong>Tasks/Activities</strong> Arts and Crafts Chants and Songs Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime) Drawing and Coloring Labeling Matching Making puppets Questions and Answers Reordering <strong>Assignments</strong> • Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items. • Students prepare a poster to show/write what super heroes can and/or cannot do.</td>
</tr>
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<td>------------------------------------------</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| 3. SINIF / 3rd GRADE | **Feelings** | **Expressing feelings**<br>I am happy.<br>I feel good.<br><br>**Making simple suggestions**<br>Let’s…<br>... cook<br>... dance<br>... drink<br>... eat<br>... go<br>... play<br>... read<br>... run<br>... swim<br>... sleep<br>... study<br>... walk<br>... watch<br>angry<br>energetic/tired<br>good/bad<br>happy/unhappy<br>hungry<br>okay<br>sad<br>surprised<br>thirsty<br><br>**Listening**<br>E3.4.L1. Students will be able to recognize the names of emotions/feelings.<br>E3.4.L2. Students will be able to recognize simple suggestions.<br><br>**Speaking**<br>E3.4.S1. Students will be able to talk about personal emotions/feelings.<br>E3.4.S2. Students will be able to make simple suggestions.<br><br>**Contexts**<br>Captions<br>Cartoons<br>Conversations<br>Illustrations<br>Podcasts<br>Poems<br>Posters<br>Songs<br>Stories<br>Videos<br><br>**Tasks/Activities**<br>Arts and Crafts<br>Chants and Songs<br>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)<br>Drawing and Coloring<br>Labeling<br>Matching<br>Making Puppets<br>Questions and Answers<br><br>**Assignments**<br>• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.<br>• Students prepare posters to display different state of feelings and hang the posters on the classroom walls.
### 3. SINIF / 3rd GRADE

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 Toys and Games</td>
<td><strong>Expressing quantity</strong>&lt;br&gt;How many kites are there?&lt;br&gt;— There are three balls.&lt;br&gt;— There are three balls.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E3.5.L1. Students will be able to recognize the names of toys.&lt;br&gt;E3.5.L2. Students will be able to follow short and simple dialogues about possessions.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Coupons&lt;br&gt;Fairy tales&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Instructions&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Poems&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Probes/Realia&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Naming colors</strong>&lt;br&gt;My ball is green.&lt;br&gt;It’s a yellow kite.</td>
<td><strong>Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;E3.5.S1. Students will be able to talk about the quantity of things.&lt;br&gt;E3.5.S2. Students will be able to tell the colors and quantity of the toys they have.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Arts and Crafts&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Drawing and Coloring&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Making Puppets&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Talking about possessions</strong>&lt;br&gt;Have you got a teddy bear?&lt;br&gt;— Yes, I have.&lt;br&gt;— No, I have not.&lt;br&gt;— Yes, I have got a teddy bear.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;• Students bring their favorite toys to classroom and introduce them to their friends in English.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ball, -s&lt;br&gt;block, -s&lt;br&gt;button, -s&lt;br&gt;chess&lt;br&gt;computer game, -s&lt;br&gt;playing card, -s&lt;br&gt;doll, -s&lt;br&gt;kite, -s&lt;br&gt;teddy bear, -s&lt;br&gt;toy, -s</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Functions & Useful Language

### Describing sizes and shapes
- **Is it big?**
  - Yes, it is.
  - No. It is small.
- **Is it round?**
  - Yes, it is.
  - No. It is square.

### Talking about locations of things
- **Where is ...?**
  - It’s in the bathroom.
  - It’s on the bed.
  - It’s under the table.
  - It’s over here/ over there.
  - It’s right here/ right there.

### Talking about possessions
- **Has s/he got shampoo in the bathroom?**
  - Yes, s/he has.
  - No, s/he has not.
  - Yes. S/he has got shampoo.

### Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

#### Listening
- **E3.6.L1.** Students will be able to recognize the characteristics of shapes.
- **E3.6.L2.** Students will be able to recognize the names of the parts of a house.
- **E3.6.L3.** Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions about size and shapes.

#### Speaking
- **E3.6.S1.** Students will be able to talk about the shapes of things.
- **E3.6.S2.** Students will be able to ask about and say the parts of a house.
- **E3.6.S3.** Students will be able to ask about and tell the location of things in a house.
- **E3.6.S4.** Students will be able to talk about possessions.

### Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments

#### Contexts
- Advertisements
- Conversations
- Illustrations
- Posters
- Probes/Realia
- Songs
- Tables
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities
- Arts and Crafts
- Chants and Songs
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Drawing and Coloring
- Games
- Labeling
- Making Puppets
- Matching
- Questions and Answers

#### Assignments
- Students prepare a model house and describe it to their friends.
- Students bring in advertisement cutouts and describe the rooms to their peers.
### 3. 3rd GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **7** In My City | Apologizing  
  Sorry.  
  So sorry.  
  Sorry about that.  
  I'm sorry.  
  I'm so sorry.  
  **Talking about locations of things and people (Making simple inquiries)**  
  Where are you now?  
  — At the museum.  
  — In the classroom. Where is the zoo/park?  
  — Over there.  
  — I'm sorry, I don't know.  
  Where is Stella now?  
  — She's in İzmir.  
  Where is the cat?  
  — In the park.  
  bank  
  city/town/village  
  hospital  
  library  
  market  
  mosque  
  museum  
  school  
  shopping center  
  zoo | Listening  
  **E3.7.L1.** Students will be able to recognize the types of buildings and parts of a city.  
  **E3.7.L2.** Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions about the types of buildings and parts of a city.  
  Speaking  
  **E3.7.S1.** Students will be able to talk about where buildings and other places are on a city map.  
  **E3.7.S2.** Students will be able to talk about where people are.  
  **E3.7.S3.** Students will be able to express apologies. | Contexts  
  Advertisements  
  Illustrations  
  Lists  
  Maps  
  Notes and Messages  
  Notices  
  Posters  
  Signs  
  Songs  
  Tables  
  Videos  
  Tasks/Activities  
  Arts and Crafts  
  Chants and Songs  
  Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
  Drawing and Coloring  
  Games  
  Labeling  
  Making Puppets  
  Matching  
  Questions and Answers  
  Assignments  
  • Students prepare a map of their city/town/village and describe it in groups. |
### 3. SINIF / 3rd GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transportation</strong></td>
<td><strong>Talking about locations of things (Making simple inquiries)</strong> Where is the boat? — (It’s) on the sea. — It’s here/there. <strong>Asking and giving information about transportation</strong> How can I go/get to Istanbul? — You (can) go by plane/train/boat/bus/... — You (can) take a/the plane/train/boat/bus/... bike  boat  bus  car  helicopter  motorcycle  plane  ship  train</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong> E3.8.L1. Students will be able to recognize the types of vehicles. E3.8.L2. Students will be able to understand simple and short oral texts about transportation. E3.8.L3. Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions about transportation. <strong>Speaking</strong> E3.8.S1. Students will be able to talk about where vehicles are. E3.8.S2. Students will be able to talk about the using of transportation vehicles.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong> Advertisements  Captions  Cartoons  Conversations  Illustrations  Maps  Signs  Songs  Stories  Tables  Videos  <strong>Tasks/Activities</strong> Arts and Crafts  Chants and Songs  Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  Drawing and Coloring  Games  Labeling  Making Puppets  Matching  Questions and Answers  <strong>Assignments</strong>  • Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  • Students prepare a poster of transportation vehicles and hang them on the classroom walls.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 3. SINIF / 3rd GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 Weather</td>
<td>Describing the weather</td>
<td>Listening E3.9.L1. Students will be able to identify various weather conditions.</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How is the weather?</td>
<td>Speaking E3.9.S1. Students will be able to talk about the weather conditions.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— It is rainy/snowy.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Arts and Crafts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Is it rainy in deserts?</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chants and Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— No. It is hot and sunny.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>How is the weather in Ankara?</td>
<td></td>
<td>Drawing and Coloring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Ankara/It is cold/sunny, etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— It is cold in Ankara.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Labeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cold</td>
<td></td>
<td>Making Puppets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>cloudy</td>
<td></td>
<td>Matching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>freezing</td>
<td></td>
<td>Questions and Answers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>hot</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>nice</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>rainy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>snowy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sunny</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>warm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>wet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>windy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assignments
- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Unit / Theme</strong></th>
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<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 Nature</td>
<td><strong>Expressing likes and dislikes</strong>&lt;br&gt;I like/love dolphins, but I dislike sharks.&lt;br&gt;<strong>Making simple inquiries</strong>&lt;br&gt;Are there four dolphins?&lt;br&gt;— Yes, there are four dolphins.&lt;br&gt;— No, there are one dolphin.&lt;br&gt;<strong>Talking about nature and animals</strong>&lt;br&gt;This/That/It is a frog. It's big and green.&lt;br&gt;Is the whale red?&lt;br&gt;— Yes, it is.&lt;br&gt;— No, it isn't.&lt;br&gt;<strong>Talking about nature and animals</strong>&lt;br&gt;This/That/It is a frog. It's big and green.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E3.10.L1. Students will be able to recognize nature and the names of animals.&lt;br&gt;E3.10.L2. Students will be able to follow short, simple and oral instructions about nature and animals.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements Articles Blogs Captions Cartoons Conversations Illustrations Maps Signs Songs Stories Tables Videos <strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime) Drawing and Coloring Games Labeling Matching Making Puppets Questions and Answers Reordering <strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students complete and reflect on their visual dictionaries. • In groups, students prepare animal masks and color them.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI

İlkokul İngilizce eğitiminde öncelikli amaç, çocukların İngilizce öğrenimine karşı olumlu tutum geliştirmelerini sağlamaktır. Bu nedenle 4'üncü sınıfta yapılması planlanan tüm etkinlikler çocukların ilgi alanlarına, sosyal, fiziksel ve zihinsel gelişmelerine uygun olarak tasarlanmıştır. Başarıları her etkinlik yoluya öğrencilerin özgüvenlerini, motivasyonlarını ve İngilizce öğrenmeye karşı olumlu tutumlarını artırmaları amaçlanmıştır. 4'üncü sınıfın kazanımları gerçekleştirerek öğrenicilere seçilmiştir; yiyecekler ve içecekler, boş zaman etkinlikleri, günlük faaliyetler, meslekler, giysiler, fiziksel ve kişisel özellikleri, ülkeler ve milliyetlerdir. Bu temalar aracılığıyla öğrencilerin ilgili temel sözcükleri doğru sesletimleriyle öğrenmeleri hedeflenmektedir. Ayrıca dil işlevleri olarak; alınan izin, rica etmek ve bunlara uygun şekilde cevap vermek, temel ihtiyaçlarını belirtmek, basit komutlar vermek, yapabildikleri ve yapımadıkları söylemek, rutin faaliyetlere ilişkin konuşmak, yapmaya başlanmadığı ve yapmanın gerektirdiği faaliyetlerden bahsetmek ele alınmıştır. Bu işlevleri gerçekleştirebilmek, öğrencilerin daha önceden öğrendikleri sözcük ve yapıları, yeni öğrendikleriyle harmanlayarak kullanılabilmeleri amaçlanmaktadır.

4. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI

Öğrenciler sıradan ve gündelik deyişlerle somut gereksinimleri karşılamayı hedefleyen son derece yalın ifadeleri anlayabilir ve kullanabilir. Kendini veya bir başkasını tanıtabilir ve karşısındaki kişiye basit sorular (örneğin oturduğu yer, ilişkileri, sahip olduğu şeyler vb.) sorabilir ve aynı türden sorulara yanıt verebilir. Eğer karşısındaki kişi yavaş ve kendisine yardımcı olacak biçimde konuşuyorsa öğrenci basit biçimde iletişimi kurabilir.

**Temel Düzey Kullanıcı**

**Giriş veya Keşif Düzeyi (A1) Ortak Yeti Açıklamaları**

Öğrenciler sırada ve gündelik deyişlerle somut gereksinimleri karşılamayı hedefleyen son derece yalın ifadeleri anlayabilir ve kullanabilir. Kendini veya bir başkasını tanıtabilir ve karşısındaki kişiye basit sorular (örneğin oturduğu yer, ilişkileri, sahip olduğu şeyler vb.) sorabilir ve aynı türden sorulara yanıt verebilir. Eğer karşısındaki kişi yavaş ve kendisine yardımcı olacak biçimde konuşuyorsa öğrenci basit biçimde iletişimi kurabilir.
### 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| 1 Classroom Rules | **Asking for permission**  
Can/May I come in/go out?  
— Yes, you can.  
— Sure/Of course.  
— Sorry, not right now.  

**Making simple requests**  
Give me the book, please.  
— Sure/Of course.  
— Here you are.  
— Say that again, please.,  

**Telling someone what to do**  
Be quiet, please.  
Clean/Look at the board, please.  
Go back your place, please.  
Open the window, please.  
Open/close the door, please.  
Please come in.  
The pencil, please.  

**Naming numbers**  
Numbers from 1 to 50.  
eraser,-s  
join  
leave  
pencil case, -s  
pencil sharpener, -s  
ruler, -s  
stay  
take  
turn on/off | **Listening**  
E4.1.L1. Students will be able to understand short and clear utterances about requests.  
E4.1.L2. Students will be able to understand short and clear utterances about permission.  
E4.1.L3. Students will be able to recognize simple classroom instructions.  
E4.1.L4. Students will be able to recognize numbers from one to fifty.  

**Speaking**  
E4.1.S1. Students will be able to interact with their classmates through asking for and giving permission in short utterances.  
E4.1.S2. Students will be able to make requests by using simple utterances.  
E4.1.S3. Students will be able to give and respond to simple instructions verbally.  
E4.1.S4. Students will be able to count up to fifty.  

**Contexts**  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Instructions  
Lists  
Notes and Messages  
Posters  
Signs  
Songs  
Videos  

**Tasks/Activities**  
Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Games  
Making Puppets  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  

**Assignments**  
- Students prepare a visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
- Students prepare simple puppets and practice how to ask for and give permission.  
- Students prepare a poster of classroom rules with a list of simple instructions and visuals. |
<table>
<thead>
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</table>
| 2 Nationality| Identifying countries and nationalities  
Is s/he from Japan?  
— Maybe.  
Is s/he from Germany?  
— I think so.  
Where are you from?  
— I am from Turkey.  
Where is s/he from?  
— S/he is from France.  
Are you British?  
— No, I am not.  
Is s/he Russian?  
— Yes, s/he is.  
— No, s/he isn't.  
— I think so.  
| Listening  
E4.2.L1. Students will be able to recognize information about other people.  
E4.2.L2. Students will be able to identify different people’s nationalities.  
| Contexts  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Charts  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Instructions  
Lists  
Maps  
Postcards  
Posters  
Rhymes  
Songs  
Tables  |
| Talking about locations of cities  
(Making simple inquiries)  
Where is Samsun?  
— It’s in the north.  
Where is Antalya?  
— It’s in the south.  
Where is Van?  
— It’s in the east.  
Where is İzmir?  
— It’s in the west.  
| Speaking  
E4.2.S1. Students will be able to talk about nations and nationalities.  
E4.2.S2. Students will be able to talk about locations of cities.  
| Tasks/Activities  
Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Games  
Labeling  
Making Puppets  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Storytelling  |
| America/American  
Britain/British  
Germany/German  
France/French  
Japan/Japanese  
Russia/Russian  
Turkey/Turkish  
north/south/east/west  
| Assignments  
• Students prepare finger puppets (of different nationalities) and practise short dialogues about countries and nationalities.  
|
### 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

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</thead>
</table>
| Cartoon Characters | Expressing ability and inability  
| | **Can you play the piano?**  
| | **Can s/he jump?**  
| | — Yes, s/he can./No, s/he can’t.  
| | **Can you speak English?**  
| | — Yes, I can.  
| | S/he can ride a bike, but I cannot/can’t.  
| | S/he can swim.  
| | I can read books in English.  
| | My hero can/can’t...  
| | Your cartoon character can/can’t...  
| | **Talking about possessions (Making simple inquiries)**  
| | This is her/his/my/your guitar.  
| | These are his/her/my/your books.  
| | Is this his/her/my/your …?  
| | Are these his/her/my/your …?  
| | carry  
| | catch  
| | climb a tree  
| | dive  
| | do puzzles  
| | drive  
| | jump  
| | fly  
| | play ...  
| | ... the guitar/the piano, etc.  
| | ride a horse  
| | speak  
| | take pictures  
| | **Listening**  
| | **E4.3.L1.** Students will be able to get the main idea of a simple oral text about the abilities of the self and others.  
| | **E4.3.L2.** Students will be able to recognize possessions of others in a clear, short and slow oral text.  
| | **Speaking**  
| | **E4.3.S1.** Students will be able to talk about their own and others’ possessions.  
| | **E4.3.S2.** Students will be able to deliver a simple, brief speech about abilities with an initial preparation.  
| | **Contexts**  
| | Captions  
| | Cartoons  
| | Charts  
| | Conversations  
| | Illustrations  
| | Notices  
| | Posters  
| | Probes/Realia  
| | Rhymes  
| | Songs  
| | Stories  
| | Tables  
| | Videos  
| | **Tasks/Activities**  
| | Arts and Crafts  
| | Chants and Songs  
| | Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
| | Drawing and Coloring  
| | Games  
| | Matching  
| | Making Puppets  
| | Questions and Answers  
| | Storytelling  
| | **Assignments**  
| | • Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
| | • Students make puppets of heros they prefer, describe their abilities and present them in groups.  


## 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

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</table>
| Free Time    | **Expressing likes and dislikes**                                | **Listening**  
**E4.4.L1.** Students will be able to understand the general information in an oral text about likes and dislikes.  
**Speaking**  
**E4.4.S1.** Students will be able to talk about their likes and dislikes.  
**E4.4.S2.** Students will be able to engage in simple conversations about likes and dislikes.  
**E4.4.S3.** Students will be able to ask for clarification in conversations. | **Contexts**  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Charts  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Notices  
Posters  
Rhymes  
Songs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos  

**Tasks/Activities**  
Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Games  
Labeling  
Making Puppet  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  

**Assignments**  
- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
- Students prepare a questionnaire (find someone who…) to find out what other peers like and dislike.  
- Students prepare a chart illustrating their most popular free-time activities and hobbies in the classroom. |
|              | **Making simple inquiries**                                      |                                                                                                        |                                          |
|              | **Asking for clarification**                                     |                                                                                                        |                                          |

- I like reading/swimming.  
- I dislike playing chess/ singing.  

- Do you like dancing?  
  — Yes, I do.  
- Do you like watching cartoons?  
  — No, I don’t.  

- Can you say that again, please?  
- Pardon me?  
- Say that again, please.  
- Slowly, please.  

- coloring book, -s  
- drawing  
- flying a kite  
- playing …  
- … with marbles  
- … chess  
- … table tennis  
- …football  
- reading comics  
- riding a bike  
- watching cartoons  
- swimming  
- learning English
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5. My Day</td>
<td>Talking about daily routines</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I wake up in the morning.</td>
<td>E4.5.L1. Students will be able to understand the general and specific information in a short, oral text about daily routines.</td>
<td>Advertisements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I have breakfast with my mother and brother on Sundays.</td>
<td>E4.5.L2. Students will be able to recognize the time in a short oral text.</td>
<td>Captions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I meet my friends at school.</td>
<td>Speaking</td>
<td>Cartoons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I go to the playground in the afternoon.</td>
<td>E4.5.S1. Students will be able to talk about their daily routines.</td>
<td>Charts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I go shopping with my mom on Saturdays.</td>
<td>E4.5.S2. Students will be able to talk about the time.</td>
<td>Conversations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I do my homework.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Fairy tales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I go to bed at night.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Illustrations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Making simple inquiries</td>
<td></td>
<td>Lists</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What do you do at noon?</td>
<td></td>
<td>Notes and Messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—I have lunch at school.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Poems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What do you do in the afternoon?</td>
<td></td>
<td>Postcards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—I watch TV at home.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Posters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telling the time and days</td>
<td></td>
<td>Probes/Realia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What time is it?</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rhymes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>days of the week</td>
<td></td>
<td>Songs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>at noon/night</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in the morning/afternoon</td>
<td></td>
<td>Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—It’s 7 o’clock/12 o’clock/3 o’clock.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>do homework</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>get dressed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>go ...</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>... shopping</td>
<td></td>
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<td>... to the playground</td>
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<td>... to bed</td>
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<td>... to school</td>
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<td>have ...</td>
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<td>... a shower</td>
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<td>... breakfast/lunch/dinner</td>
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<td>meet friends</td>
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<td>wake up</td>
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<td></td>
<td>wash</td>
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**Assignments**
- Students prepare a timetable showing what they do during the day and present their daily routines to their peers.
- Students prepare a clock as a craft activity to practice time and numbers.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>6</strong> Fun with Science</td>
<td><strong>Giving and responding to simple instructions</strong>&lt;br&gt;Plant it.&lt;br&gt;Water it.&lt;br&gt;Cut the paper.&lt;br&gt;Don’t cut it now!&lt;br&gt;Fold it.&lt;br&gt;Mix black and white, and you get gray.&lt;br&gt;<strong>Making simple inquiries</strong>&lt;br&gt;What is “science” in Turkish?&lt;br&gt;What is “cover”?&lt;br&gt;What is in the cup?&lt;br&gt;<strong>Talking about locations</strong>&lt;br&gt;Where is the brush?&lt;br&gt;—It’s in front of the bottle.&lt;br&gt;—Behind the box.&lt;br&gt;—Near that glass.&lt;br&gt;box, -es&lt;br&gt;brush, -es&lt;br&gt;cover, -s&lt;br&gt;cup, -s&lt;br&gt;cut, experiment, -s&lt;br&gt;fold&lt;br&gt;freeze&lt;br&gt;Melt&lt;br&gt;Mix&lt;br&gt;Plant, science&lt;br&gt;Scientist, -s&lt;br&gt;Shake&lt;br&gt;Water</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.6.L1.</strong> Students will be able to understand and follow simple instructions.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.6.L2.</strong> Students will be able to recognize phrases/descriptions about locations.&lt;br&gt;<strong>Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.6.S1.</strong> Students will be able to give short and basic instructions.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.6.S2.</strong> Students will be able to talk about locations of objects.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.6.S3.</strong> Students will be able to ask and answer simple clarification questions.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Captions&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Instructions&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Poems&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Probes/Realia&lt;br&gt;Rhymes&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;<strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Arts and Crafts&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Drawing and Coloring&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;<strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a poster illustrating the steps of an experiment with simple instructions.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Unit / Theme

#### 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

#### Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

##### Functions & Useful Language

**Describing what people do and expressing what people like**

- **What is your job?** —I'm a doctor. I work at a hospital.
- **What does s/he do?** —She's a teacher, and she likes teaching children.

- **What does s/he do?** —I'm a farmer. I like animals and I work on a farm.
- **What does s/he like?** —I'm a farmer. I like animals and I work on a farm.

##### Making inquiries

- **Where does s/he work?** —at the post office.
- **Where does s/he work?** —at the police station.

#### Contexts

- Advertisements
- Captions
- Cartoons
- Charts
- Conversations
- Illustrations
- Lists
- Postcards
- Poems
- Rhymes
- Stories
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities

- Arts and Crafts
- Charts and Songs
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Drawing and Coloring
- Games
- Labeling
- Making Puppets
- Questions and Answers
- Storytelling

#### Assignments

- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
- Students prepare a poster about people’s jobs and where they work.
- Students prepare a poster (with photos and drawings) about their parents and their jobs.
- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
- Students prepare a poster about people’s jobs and where they work.
- Students prepare a poster (with photos and drawings) about their parents and their jobs.

#### Contexts

- Advertisements
- Captions
- Cartoons
- Charts
- Conversations
- Illustrations
- Lists
- Postcards
- Poems
- Rhymes
- Stories
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities

- Arts and Crafts
- Charts and Songs
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Drawing and Coloring
- Games
- Labeling
- Making Puppets
- Questions and Answers
- Storytelling

#### Assignments

- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
- Students prepare a poster about people’s jobs and where they work.
- Students prepare a poster (with photos and drawings) about their parents and their jobs.
## 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>8</strong></td>
<td><strong>My Clothes</strong></td>
<td><strong>Describing the weather (Expressing basic needs)</strong>&lt;br&gt;What's the weather like?&lt;br&gt;—It's rainy today. I need my umbrella.&lt;br&gt;—It's windy. Put on/wear your coat.&lt;br&gt;What's the weather like in Ankara in winter?&lt;br&gt;—It's cold and snowy. Put on/wear your gloves.&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Making simple requests</strong>&lt;br&gt;Can I borrow your umbrella?&lt;br&gt;—Here you are.&lt;br&gt;—No. Sorry, it’s broken.&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Naming the seasons of the year</strong>&lt;br&gt;It is ...&lt;br&gt;  - autumn/fall&lt;br&gt;  - spring&lt;br&gt;  - summer&lt;br&gt;  - winter&lt;br&gt;  - boot, -s&lt;br&gt;  - dress, -es&lt;br&gt;  - glove, -s&lt;br&gt;  - hat, -s&lt;br&gt;  - jeans&lt;br&gt;  - shoe, -s&lt;br&gt;  - skirt, -s&lt;br&gt;  - sock, -s&lt;br&gt;  - sunglasses&lt;br&gt;  - trousers&lt;br&gt;  - borrow&lt;br&gt;  - put on&lt;br&gt;  - wear</td>
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<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.8.L1.</strong> Students will be able to understand short oral texts about weather conditions and clothing.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.8.L2.</strong> Students will be able to recognize the names of the seasons and clothes in short oral texts.</td>
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<td><strong>Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.8.S1.</strong> Students will be able to describe the weather conditions.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.8.S2.</strong> Students will be able to name the seasons.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.8.S3.</strong> Students will be able to ask and answer simple questions about weather conditions and clothing items in simple conversations.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E4.8.S4.</strong> Students will be able to make simple request about borrowing.</td>
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<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Captions&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Poems&lt;br&gt;Postcards&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Rhymes&lt;br&gt;Signs&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos</td>
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<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Arts and Crafts&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Drawing and Coloring&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Making Puppets&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling</td>
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<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a seasonal weather chart/table and classify the clothes they wear under the corresponding seasons.&lt;br&gt;• Students make puppets with seasonal clothes and describe them to the peers.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

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</table>
| 9 My Friends | Describing people (Making simple inquiries)  
—Does s/he have blonde hair?  
—What does s/he look like?  
—She is tall and slim.  
—He is young and thin.  
—He has dark hair.  

Talking about possessions  
I have brown hair.  
S/he has brown eyes.  
He has curly hair and a moustache.  
My/your hair is short.  
Her/his legs are very long.  
bald  
beard  
beautiful  
blonde  
curly/dark/straight/wavy/short/long hair  
handsome  
moustache  
short/tall  
slim  
thin  
young/middle aged/old | Listening  
**E4.9.L1.** Students will be able to understand the main point in short, clear, simple messages and announcements (e.g., describing people and their features).  
**E4.9.L2.** Students will be able to understand short, oral texts about possessions.  

Speaking  
**E4.9.S1.** Students will be able to describe their friends and other people (family members, teachers, etc.).  
**E4.9.S2.** Students will be able to ask and answer questions about other people’s physical characteristics.  
**E4.9.S3.** Students will be able to talk about possessions. | Contexts  
Advertisements  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Charts  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Poems  
Posters  
Probes/Realia  
Rhymes  
Songs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos  

Tasks/Activities  
Arts and Crafts  
Charts and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Labeling  
Making Puppets  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Storytelling  
Synonyms and Antonyms  

Assignments  
• Students prepare a poster about a friend or a family member and describe him/her by using simple phrases.  
• Students work in pairs. One student describes his/her favorite actor/singer (e.g., Her/his hair is curly. S/he is tall and thin.) and the other student draws a picture based on the description. |
### 4. SINIF / 4th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
</table>
| Food and Drinks | **Making offers**<br>Do you want a sandwich?  
Want a sandwich?  
Would you like a sandwich?  
—No, thanks. I’m full.  
—Yes, please.  
What/How about an apple?  
—Not now, thanks.  
—No, thanks, maybe later.  
**Expressing basic needs and feelings**<br>(Making simple inquiries)<br>I want some milk, please.  
Are you hungry?  
—Yes, I am, and I want some ... please.  
—No, I’m not hungry.  
—Yes, I feel hungry.  
Is s/he thirsty?  
—Yes, s/he is. / No, s/he isn’t. | **Listening**<br><b>E4.10.L1.</b> Students will be able to recognize simple words and phrases about food and drinks.  
<b>E4.10.L2.</b> Students will be able to understand the offers about their basic needs.  
<b>E4.10.L3.</b> Students will be able to identify others’ needs and feelings in simple oral texts.  
**Speaking**<br><b>E4.10.S1.</b> Students will be able to talk about their basic needs and feelings.  
<b>E4.10.S2.</b> Students will be able to express their feelings and their needs. | **Contexts**<br>Advertisements  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Coupons  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Menus  
Posters  
Probes/Realia  
Rhymes  
Signs  
Songs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos  
**Tasks/Activities**<br>Arts and Crafts  
Chants and Songs  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Drawing and Coloring  
Games  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Storytelling  
**Assignments**<br>- Students complete and reflect on their visual dictionaries.  
- Students design a menu for an imaginary restaurant by using drawings and visuals. |
5. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI

5. Sınıf Öğretim Programı’nın temel amacı öğrencilerin hedef dili öğrenmeye olan ilgilerini artırmak ve bu dili gerçek yaşamda kullanabilmelerini sağlamaktır. 5’inci sınıfın temaları; öğrencilerin yaşadıkları şehir, sağlık sorunları, günlük işleri, hobileri, sosyal faaliyetleri, duyguları ve spor etkinlikleridir. Bu temalar aracılığıyla öğrencilerin ilgili temel sözcükleri doğru sesletimleriyle öğrenmeleri hedeflenmektedir. Ayrıca dil işlevleri olarak selamlaşmak, izin istemek, kişisel düşüncelerini, beğenilerini, ihtiyaçlarını söylemek, miktar belirtmek, düzenli olarak yaptıkları işleri ifade etmek, saatı söylemek, o anda yapılanları anlatmak, yol tarif etmek ele alınmıştır.

Bu işlevlerin görsel, işitsel ve görsel-işitsel araçlar kullanılarak iletişim odaklı bir yaklaşımla gerçekleştirilmesi hedeflenmiştir. Bağlam olarak bu yaş grubu öğrencilerinin ilgisini çekebilecek olan çizgi film, poster, resim, masal, äk, harita, resimli sözlük, kartpostal, şarkı, şiir, liste ve menü gibi metinlerin kullanılması planlanmıştır.

Okuma ve yazma etkinlikleri de bu bağlamdaki çalışmalar ile cümle düzeyinde sınırlı olarak gerçekleştirilmektedir. Öğrencilerin dili oyunlar, gerçek yaşamla ilgili faaliyetler, çizme-boyama, rol yapma, dinleme-konuşma, anlatma gibi tekniklerle sevecek öğrenmesi hedeflenmiştir.

Temel Düzey Kullanıcı
Giriş veya Keşif Düzeyi (A1) Ortak Yeti Açıklamaları

Öğrenciler sidadan ve gündelik deyişlerle somut gereksinimleri karşılamayı hedefleyen son derece yalin ifadeleri anlayabilir ve kullanabilir. Kendini veya bir başkasını tanıtabilir ve karşısındaki kişiye basit sorular (örneğin oturduğu yer, ilişkileri, sahip olduğu şeyler vb.) sorabilir ve aynı türden sorulara yanıt verebilir. Eğer karşısındaki kişi yavaş ve kendisine yardımcı olacak biçimde konuşuyorsa öğrenci basit biçimde iletişim kurabilir.
## 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Hello!</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Expressing likes and dislikes</td>
<td>Listening E5.1.L1. Students will be able to understand simple personal information.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>What is/are your favorite class(es)?</td>
<td>Speaking E5.1.S1. Students will be able to introduce themselves and meet other people.</td>
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<td>—My favorite class(es) is/are …</td>
<td>E5.1.S2. Students will be able to exchange simple personal information.</td>
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<td>—I like English and maths.</td>
<td>Reading E5.1.R1. Students will be able to read picture stories, conversations and cartoons about personal information.</td>
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<td>I don’t like/dislike/hate…</td>
<td>E5.1.R2. Students will be able to read their timetable for their lessons.</td>
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<td>Greeting and meeting people</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Nice/Glad to meet you.</td>
<td>Tasks/Activities Arts and Crafts</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nice meeting you.</td>
<td>Chants and Songs Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>—Me, too.</td>
<td>Drawing and Coloring Games</td>
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<td></td>
<td>—My pleasure.</td>
<td>Labeling Making puppets</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Making simple inquiries</td>
<td>Matching Questions and Answers</td>
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<td>Where do you study?</td>
<td>Storytelling</td>
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<td>—I study at Atatürk Secondary School.</td>
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<td>How many languages do you speak?</td>
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<td>—One. I speak Chinese.</td>
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<td>—Two. I speak English and German.</td>
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<td>arts primary/elementary/secondary school</td>
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<td>geography history language class/course</td>
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<td>math(s) music physical education</td>
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<td>science social studies</td>
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<td>Contexts Advertisements Captions</td>
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<td>Cartoons Conversations Coupons</td>
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<td>Illustrations Lists Menus Posters</td>
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<td>Probes/Realia Rhymes Signs Songs Stories</td>
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<td>Tables Videos</td>
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<td>Assignments Students prepare a visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.</td>
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<td>Students prepare a timetable showing their class schedule.</td>
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<td>Unit / Theme</td>
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</table>
| 2 My town    | Asking for and giving directions (Making simple inquiries)  
Excuse me, how can I get to the city center?  
—Go (straight) ahead and turn left on Uçarlı Street.  
—Thanks.  
Excuse me, where is the bus station?  
—It’s on Papatya Street.  
Talking about locations of things and people  
Where are you?  
—I am at the library.  
—Library?  
—Yes, the library.  
around/next to/opposite ...  
...the barber shop  
...the bank  
...the library  
...the mosque  
...the butcher  
...the grocery  
...the pharmacy  
...the bookshop  
...the toyshop  
...the bakery  
...the pool  
...the cinema/theater/museum between ...  
...the shop and the bus stop | Listening  
E5.2.L1. Students will be able to understand simple directions to get from one place to another.  
E5.2.L2. Students will be able to recognize the use of rising intonation to ask for clarification.  
Speaking  
E5.2.S1. Students will be able to talk about the locations of things and people in simple conversations.  
E5.2.S2. Students will be able to give directions in a simple way.  
Reading  
E5.2.R1. Students will be able to understand information about important places. | Contexts  
Advertisements  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Instructions  
Maps  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Postcards  
Posters  
Signs  
Tables  
Videos  
Tasks/Activities  
Arts and Crafts  
Drawing and Coloring  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Games  
Labeling  
Making puppets  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Assignments  
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
• Students draw a map of their neighborhood and give directions of different places to their peers in groups. |
### 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>Games and Hobbies</td>
<td><strong>Describing what people do regularly</strong>&lt;br&gt;Do you play computer games?—No, I don’t. I go fishing.&lt;br&gt;What are your hobbies?—Playing chess and tennis.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E5.3.L1. Students will be able to understand simple, oral texts about hobbies, likes/dislikes and abilities.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Captions&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Poems&lt;br&gt;Postcards&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Rhymes&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Expressing ability and inability</strong>&lt;br&gt;Can you play checkers?&lt;—No, but I can play chess.&lt;br&gt;Can your sister/brother play chess?—Yes, s/he can.&lt;br&gt;—No, but s/he can play checkers.</td>
<td><strong>Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;E5.3.S1. Students will be able to talk about hobbies, likes/dislikes and abilities in a simple way.&lt;br&gt;E5.3.S2. Students will be able to give information about likes/dislikes, abilities and hobbies of others in a simple way.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Competitions&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Drawing and Coloring&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Information transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Expressing likes and dislikes</strong>&lt;br&gt;Yin lives in Beijing and he likes playing blind man’s buff.&lt;br&gt;Julio lives in Madrid and he likes playing football.&lt;br&gt;Hans and Yuka don’t like hopscotch.</td>
<td><strong>Reading</strong>&lt;br&gt;E5.3.R1. Students will be able to follow a simple story with visual aids.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a poster to show their hobbies/games.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Blind man’s buff
- Camping
- Checkers
- Chinese whispers
- Dodge ball
- Fishing
- Hangman
- Hiking
- Hopscotch
- Lose
- Origami
- Sculpting
- Win
### Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

#### Functions & Useful Language

**Describing what people do regularly**
- **Making simple inquiries**
  - When do you brush your teeth?
  - When do you watch TV?
  - What time is it?

**Telling the time**
- It's half past nine.
- It's quarter to eleven.

**Naming numbers**
- Numbers from 1 to 100
- Arrive, brush, -es
- Call, comb, -s
- Get out of bed, get online
- Go, leave, talk

### Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments

#### Contexts
- Advertisements
- Captions
- Cartoons
- Conversations
- Illustrations
- Notes and Messages
- Postcards
- Posters
- Rhymes
- Songs
- Stories
- Tables
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities
- Competitions
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Games
- Information transfer
- Labeling
- Making puppets
- Matching
- Reordering
- Storytelling
- True/False/No information

#### Assignments
- Students prepare a poster about daily routines.
- Students interview a friend/neighbor/parent/teacher, ask about his/her typical day, and present it in the classroom.

### My Daily Routine

- Activity: Students prepare a poster about daily routines and present it in the classroom.
- Activity: Students interview a friend/neighbor/parent/teacher, ask about his/her typical day, and present it in the classroom.
### 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **5 Health** | **Expressing illnesses, needs and feelings**  
I feel cold.  
I have the flu.  
I have a fever.  
I have a toothache/headache/stomachache.  
S/he feels cold and tired.  
S/he needs pills. | **Listening**  
**E5.5.L1.** Students will be able to identify common illnesses and understand some of the suggestions made.  
**E5.5.L2.** Students will be able to understand simple suggestions concerning illnesses. | **Contexts**  
Advertisements  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Charts  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Posters  
Probes/Realia  
Rhymes  
Songs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos |
| **Making simple suggestions**  
—You should stay in bed.  
—Have a rest.  
—Stay in bed.  
—Visit a doctor.  
—Take your pills. | **Speaking**  
**E5.5.S1.** Students will be able to name the common illnesses in a simple way.  
**E5.5.S2.** Students will be able to express basic needs and feelings about illnesses. | **Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Games  
Information transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information |
| **Reading**  
**E5.5.R1.** Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about illnesses, needs and feelings. | **Assignments**  
• Students prepare a picture story about their feelings and needs when they are ill. They work in groups and exchange information about the picture story. |

| backache/headache/toothache/stomachache  
cold  
cough  
dentist  
faint  
fever  
flu  
have a pain/ache  
hurt  
il/illness  
medicine  
pill  
sneeze  
sore throat  
syrup  
vitamin |
### 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6            | Describing characters/people Superman is very strong/brave/… | Listening  
**E5.6.L1.** Students will be able to follow slow and carefully articulated speech describing movie characters and movie types. | **Contexts**  
Advertisements  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Fairy tales  
Illustrations  
Posters  
Questionnaire  
Signs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos |
|              | Expressing likes and dislikes I don’t like/dislike/hate horror movies. | Speaking  
**E5.6.S1.** Students will be able to talk about people’s likes and dislikes concerning movies and movie characters.  
**E5.6.S2.** Students will be able to use simple utterances to state personal opinions about movies and movie characters.  
**E5.6.S3.** Students will be able to state the time of an event. | **Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Games  
Information transfer  
Labeling  
Making Puppets  
Matching  
Reordering  
Questions and Answers  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information |
|              | Making simple inquiries What is the movie about? It’s about friends/war/love/… |  |  |
|              | Stating personal opinions I think Superman is brave. What’s your favorite film? —Ice Age. —I like Spirited Away. |  |  |
|              | Telling the time What time is the movie? —It’s at seven o’clock. —It’s at half past four. | Reading  
**E5.6.R1.** Students will be able to understand phrases and simple sentences on posters and advertisements about movies and movie characters. |  |
|              | brave beautiful boring exciting evil  
**film types:** action, animation, cartoon, comedy, horror, etc. friendly frightening funny helpful honest love save strong travel ugly |  |  |
### 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Party Time</strong></td>
<td><strong>Asking for permission</strong>&lt;br&gt;Mom, can I have a birthday party?&lt;br&gt;—Sure/For sure.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E5.7.L1. Students will be able to understand simple requests for permission and their responses.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Coupons&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Menus&lt;br&gt;Postcards&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Rhymes&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Videos</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Expressing and responding to thanks</strong>&lt;br&gt;This is lovely, thanks./Thank you very much.&lt;br&gt;—You’re (most) welcome.</td>
<td><strong>Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;E5.7.S1. Students will be able to ask for permission and give response in a simple way.&lt;br&gt;E5.7.S2. Students will be able to use basic greeting and leave-taking expressions.&lt;br&gt;E5.7.S3. Students will be able to use utterances to express obligation.&lt;br&gt;E5.7.S4. Students will be able to state the date of an event.&lt;br&gt;E5.7.S5. Students will be able to express and respond to thanks.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Information transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information</td>
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<td><strong>Greeting and meeting people</strong>&lt;br&gt;—Welcome!&lt;br&gt;—Nice to see you!&lt;br&gt;—Nice to have you here!&lt;br&gt;—OK, see you (later)!&lt;br&gt;—Take (good) care!</td>
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<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a birthday celebration card for a friend.&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a calendar in English marking birthdays of their family members and friends.&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a shopping list for a birthday party.</td>
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<td><strong>Expressing obligation</strong>&lt;br&gt;I must go to the birthday party. You must prepare a shopping list.</td>
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<td><strong>Telling the days and dates</strong>&lt;br&gt;When’s your birthday?&lt;br&gt;—My birthday is in May.&lt;br&gt;—My birthday is on Saturday.</td>
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<td>balloon, -s&lt;br&gt;birthday, -s&lt;br&gt;buy&lt;br&gt;cake&lt;br&gt;clown, -s&lt;br&gt;have/throw a party&lt;br&gt;candle, -s&lt;br&gt;delicious&lt;br&gt;exciting&lt;br&gt;months of the year&lt;br&gt;present, -s/gift, -s</td>
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<td>Functions &amp; Useful Language</td>
<td>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</td>
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<td><strong>Unit / Theme</strong></td>
<td><strong>5. SINIF / 5TH GRADE</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Fitness</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Listening</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>E5.8.L1.</td>
<td>Students will be able to understand simple oral texts about sports activities.</td>
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<td>E5.8.L2.</td>
<td>Students will be able to understand suggestions made for a limited number of activities.</td>
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<td><strong>Speaking</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>E5.8.S1.</td>
<td>Students will be able to make suggestions for a limited number of activities.</td>
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<td>E5.8.S2.</td>
<td>Students will be able to accept or refuse suggestions in a simple way.</td>
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<td>E5.8.S3.</td>
<td>Students will be able to give simple personal information.</td>
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<td>E5.8.S4.</td>
<td>Students will be able to ask for clarification by asking the speaker to repeat what has been said.</td>
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<td><strong>Reading</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>E5.8.R1.</td>
<td>Students will be able to understand simple texts about sports activities.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Contexts**
- Advertisements
- Cartoons
- Conversations
- Coupons
- Illustrations
- Menus
- Posters
- Rhymes
- Stories
- Tables
- Videos

**Tasks/Activities**
- Arts and Crafts
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Games
- Information transfer
- Matching
- Reordering
- Questions and Answers
- Storytelling
- True/False/No information

**Assignments**
- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
## 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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</table>
| The Animal Shelter | **Asking for permission** *(Making simple inquiries)*  
Can we adopt/get an animal?  
Can I feed the birds?  
—Of course you can.  
—That’s not a good idea.  
—Not right now.  
**Describing what people/animals are doing now**  
What is/are ...doing?  
—The cat is climbing the tree.  
—The boy is feeding the birds.  
—The vet is examining the rabbit.  
—The puppies are playing.  
adopt/get an animal  
bark  
claw, -s  
examine  
feed  
help  
kitten, -s  
puppy, -ies  
save  
sleep  
tail, -s  
vet (veterinary)  
now/right now/at the moment | **Listening**  
E5.9.L1. Students will be able to understand descriptions of what people/animals are doing at the moment.  
**Speaking**  
E5.9.S1. Students will be able to talk about what people/animals are doing at the moment.  
E5.9.S2. Students will be able to ask for permission.  
E5.9.S3. Students will be able to use simple utterances to describe what other people are doing at the moment.  
**Reading**  
E5.9.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about what people/animals are doing at the moment. | **Contexts**  
Advertisements  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Charts  
Conversations  
Fable  
Illustrations  
Notes and Messages  
Posters  
Stories  
Videos  
**Tasks/Activities**  
Charts and Songs  
Drama *(Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)*  
Games  
Information transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Storytelling  
True/False/No Information  
**Assignments**  
• Students mime animals in front of the classroom, and the rest guess the actions performed by the students.  
• Students prepare posters about how to help animals in their neighborhoods. |
### 5. SINIF / 5th GRADE

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</table>
| **10** Festivals | **Describing general events and repeated actions** *(Making simple inquiries)*<br>How does Ayşe celebrate Ramadan?<br>—She visits her relatives.<br>Children dance and sing on Children’s Day in Turkey.<br>Chinese wear colorful clothes in Chinese New Year.<br>**Naming numbers**<br>numbers 100, 200, ..., 1000<br>Children’s Day<br>Chinese New Year<br>Eid<br>Ramadan<br>Independence Day | **Listening**<br>**E5.10.L1.** Students will be able to understand simple texts about festivals around the world.<br>**Speaking**<br>**E5.10.S1.** Students will be able to describe the events in a festival in a simple way.<br>**Reading**<br>**E5.10.R1.** Students will be able to understand visually supported short texts about festivals around the world. | **Contexts**<br>Advertisements<br>Cartoons<br>Charts<br>Conversations<br>Illustrations<br>Lists<br>Menus<br>Notices<br>Postcards<br>Posters<br>Songs<br>Tables<br>Videos<br>**Tasks/Activities**<br>Chants and Songs<br>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)<br>Games<br>Information Transfer<br>Making Puppets<br>Matching<br>Questions and Answers<br>Storytelling<br>True/False/No information<br>**Assignments**<br>
- Students complete and reflect on their visual dictionaries.<br>
- In groups, students work to prepare a poster on one of these festivals. Then they present their poster to their peers. |
6. Sınıf İngilizce Öğretim Programı


Temel Düzey Kullanıcı
Giriş veya Keşif Düzeyi (A1) Ortak Yetiştiriciliğinin

Öğrenciler sıradan ve günlük deyislerle somut gereksinimleri karşılamayı hedefleyen son derece yalin ifadeleri anlayabilir ve kullanabilir. Kendini veya bir başkasını tanıtabilir ve karşısındaki kişiye basit sorular (örneğin oturduğu yer, ilişkileri, sahip olduğu şeyler vb.) sorabilir ve aynı türden sorulara yanıt verebilir. Eğer karşısındaki kişi yavaşı ve kendisine yardımcı olacak biçimde konuşuyorsa öğrenci basit biçimde iletişimi kurabilir.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1 Life</strong></td>
<td><strong>Describing what people do regularly (Making simple inquiries)</strong>&lt;br&gt;What do you do at/after school?&lt;br&gt;—I do my homework.&lt;br&gt;—I play football on Wednesdays.&lt;br&gt;—I finish all my homework.&lt;br&gt;—I go to my step dance class.&lt;br&gt;What does s/he do at/after school?&lt;br&gt;—S/he listens to the teacher.&lt;br&gt;—S/he helps her/his mother.&lt;br&gt;—S/he rests after school.&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Telling the time and dates</strong>&lt;br&gt;What time is it? / What is the time?&lt;br&gt;—It’s five p.m.&lt;br&gt;—It’s quarter past five.&lt;br&gt;—It’s ten to nine.&lt;br&gt;—It’s twenty past three.&lt;br&gt;What is the date today?&lt;br&gt;—11 August 2016.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.1.L1. Students will be able to recognize phrases, words, and expressions related to repeated actions.&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Spoken Interaction</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.1.SI1. Students will be able to talk about repeated actions.&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Spoken Production</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.1.SP1. Students will be able to use a series of phrases and simple expressions to express their repeated actions.&lt;br&gt;E6.1.SP2. Students will be able to tell the time and dates.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Notices&lt;br&gt;Picture strip story&lt;br&gt;Postcards&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information&lt;br&gt;&lt;br&gt;<strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;• Students conduct a survey about their classmates’ favorite school/after-school activities and prepare a poster.</td>
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<td>attend&lt;br&gt;diary, -ies&lt;br&gt;rest&lt;br&gt;run errands&lt;br&gt;take ...&lt;br&gt;... a nap&lt;br&gt;... care of something&lt;br&gt;... courses&lt;br&gt;visit ...&lt;br&gt;... friends&lt;br&gt;... my aunt/uncle.&lt;br&gt;traditional/folk dance</td>
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# 6. SINIF / 6th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>2</strong></td>
<td><strong>Accepting and refusing</strong></td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong></td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Can I have some cheese?</td>
<td>E6.2.L1. Students will be able to identify the names of different food in an oral text.</td>
<td>Advertisements Cartoons Charts Conversations Illustrations Lists Menus Notices Picture strip story Postcards Posters Songs Stories Tables Videos Websites <strong>Tasks/Activities</strong> Games Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime) Information Transfer Labeling Questions and Answers True/False/No information <strong>Assignments</strong> Students prepare a poster that shows and categorizes different food and drinks for breakfast. In pairs students act out a role play about the food and drinks they like/don't like.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. SINIF / 6TH GRADE

Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

Listening
E6.3.L1. Students will be able to identify expressions and phrases related to present events.
E6.3.L2. Students will be able to pick up the expressions in a dialogue comparing things.

Spoken Interaction
E6.3.SI1. Students will be able to ask people questions about what they are doing at the moment.
E6.3.SI2. Students will be able to ask people to compare things.

Spoken Production
E6.3.SP1. Students will be able to describe people doing different actions.
E6.3.SP2. Students will be able to make comparisons between two things.

Reading
E6.3.R1. Students will be able to understand visually supported, short and simple texts.

Functions & Useful Language

Describing what people are doing now (Making simple inquiries)
What is s/he doing now/at the moment?
—She is feeding the street cats.
—Feeding?—Yes, she is.

Describing what people are doing now (Making comparisons)
Which city is more beautiful? New York or Istanbul?
The street is more crowded than the park.

Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments

Contexts
Brochures
Conversations
Illustrations
Maps
Podcasts
Songs
Stories
Videos
Websites

Tasks/Activities
Drama
Role Play
Simulation
Pantomime
Information Transfer
Opinion Gap
Matching
Question and Answers
True/False/No information

Assignments
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
• Students prepare a poster comparing their hometown with another city.

Unit / Theme
3 Downtown
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Weather and Emotions | **Describing the weather**  
What’s the weather like?  
—It’s foggy.  
—It’s very cold. It is 2 degrees Celsius!  
—It is stormy. I feel scared.  
—It’s not snowy in the desert. It is dry.  
**Making simple inquiries**  
—I don’t get it. Can you repeat that, please?  
**Expressing emotions**  
I feel …  
anxious  
moody  
sleepy  
cloudy  
fabulous  
freezing  
hailing  
lightning  
stormy  
windy | **Listening**  
E6.4.L1. Students will be able to pick up specific information from short oral texts about weather conditions and emotions.  
**Spoken Interaction**  
E6.4.SI1. Students will be able to ask people about the weather.  
**Spoken Production**  
E6.4.SP1. Students will be able to talk about the weather and their emotions in a simple way.  
**Reading**  
E6.4.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about the weather, weather conditions and emotions. | **Contexts**  
Brochures  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Maps  
Magazines  
Podcasts  
Signs  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  
Websites  
**Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Question and Answers  
True/False/No information  
**Assignments**  
• Students prepare a chart for weather forecast and include visuals in the chart.  
• Students act out weather conditions by using different emotions in various situations. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 At the Fair</td>
<td>Describing places&lt;br&gt;There are many fun things at the fair.&lt;br&gt;—Roller coasters are crazy!</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.5.L1. Students will be able to recognize the words related to the expression of emotions.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Brochures&lt;br&gt;Cartoons&lt;br&gt;Conversations&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Maps&lt;br&gt;Magazines&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expressing feelings&lt;br&gt;—I think they are frightening.</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Interaction</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.5.SI1. Students will be able to talk about and express the feelings and personal opinions about places and things.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chants and Songs&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Find Someone Who …&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Information/Opinion Gap&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Question and Answers&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expressing likes and dislikes&lt;br&gt;—I agree. I like the roller coaster very much.&lt;br&gt;—I like the train ride. It is fun.&lt;br&gt;—I hate bumper cars. They are boring.&lt;br&gt;—I think a ghost train is more frightening than the roller coaster.</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Production</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.5.SP1. Students will be able to use various simple expressions to state the feelings and personal opinions about places and things.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;- In groups, students prepare a poster of a fair and then they talk about their feelings and personal opinions concerning the fair poster.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stating personal opinions&lt;br&gt;What do you think about fairs?&lt;br&gt;—I think they are exciting places.&lt;br&gt;—I disagree. I think they are fun.&lt;br&gt;amazing&lt;br&gt;boring&lt;br&gt;bumper car, -s&lt;br&gt;carnival&lt;br&gt;carrousel, -s&lt;br&gt;crazy&lt;br&gt; dull&lt;br&gt;exciting&lt;br&gt;fantastic&lt;br&gt;ferris wheel&lt;br&gt;ghost train, -s&lt;br&gt;horrible&lt;br&gt;interesting&lt;br&gt;roller coaster, -s&lt;br&gt;terrifying&lt;br&gt;thrilling</td>
<td><strong>Reading</strong>&lt;br&gt;E6.5.R1. Students will be able to understand general meaning in simple texts related to the feelings and personal opinions about places and things.&lt;br&gt;<strong>E6.5.R2.</strong> Students will be able to read specific information on a poster about a certain place.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit / Theme</td>
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<td>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. SINIF / 6th GRADE</td>
<td>Talking about occupations</td>
<td>Listening E6.6.L1. Students will be able to understand familiar words and simple phrases concerning people’s occupations in clear oral texts. E6.6.L2. Students will be able to understand the time, days and dates.</td>
<td>Contexts Advertisements Brochures Cartoons Conversations Illustrations Magazines Postcards Posters Songs Stories Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Asking personal questions</td>
<td>Spoken Interaction E6.6.SI1. Students will be able to talk about occupations.</td>
<td>Tasks/Activities Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime) Find Someone Who … Games Information/Opinion Gap Information Transfer Matching Labeling Questions and Answers Reordering Storytelling True/False/No information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telling the time, days and dates</td>
<td>Spoken Production E6.6.SP1. Students will be able to ask personal questions. E6.6.SP2. Students will be able to state the dates.</td>
<td>Assignments • Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items. • Students find out the occupations of their family members and write what they do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Occupations</td>
<td>— He's a salesman, but he also works at a restaurant on Fridays. What do you do? — I am a nurse. Can you build a house? — No, I can't! What can you do? — I can make dresses. I can cut and sew fabric.</td>
<td>— Was s/he in Istanbul last week? Were you at school yesterday? When were you born? Where was s/he born?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— S/he was in Istanbul in May. — I was at school yesterday. — I was born on 10th of February, 2005. — S/he was born in Malatya in 1990. architect, -s cook, -s dentist, -s driver, -s engineer, -s farmer, -s hairdresser, -s lawyer, -s manager, -s mechanic, -s salesman/saleswoman waiter, -s / waitress, -es worker, -s</td>
<td>— S/he was in Istanbul in May. — I was at school yesterday. — I was born on 10th of February, 2005. — S/he was born in Malatya in 1990. architect, -s cook, -s dentist, -s driver, -s engineer, -s farmer, -s hairdresser, -s lawyer, -s manager, -s mechanic, -s salesman/saleswoman waiter, -s / waitress, -es worker, -s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6. SINIF / 6th GRADE

<table>
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<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 7 Holidays   | Talk about past events (Making simple inquiries) | Listening  
E6.7.L1. Students will be able to spot the activities about holidays in oral texts. | **Contexts**  
Advertisements  
Brochures  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Maps  
Magazines  
Postcards  
Posters  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  |
|              | What did you do in your holiday?  
—I played with my friends, and I learned skiing.  
—My brother and I climbed trees and picked fruit. I enjoyed it.  
—We walked in the forest yesterday. What did s/he do in the holiday?  
—S/he studied English.  
—S/he visited her/his grandparents last week. | Spoken Interaction  
E6.7.SI1. Students will be able to talk about their holidays. | **Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who ...  
Games  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Making Puppets  
Matching  
Labeling  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  |
|              | What did you do in your holiday?  
—I played with my friends, and I learned skiing.  
—My brother and I climbed trees and picked fruit. I enjoyed it.  
—We walked in the forest yesterday. What did s/he do in the holiday?  
—S/he studied English.  
—S/he visited her/his grandparents last week. | Spoken Production  
E6.7.SP1. Students will be able to describe past activities and personal experiences. | **Assignments**  
• Students prepare a postcard and write about what they did on their holiday.  
• Students prepare a pamphlet showing different places for different holiday activities in their country. |
### 6. SINIF / 6th GRADE

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</thead>
</table>
| 8 Bookworms  | Talking about locations of things and people  
Where is s/he?  
—S/he is in front of/next to/near/ behind/between/under/over ...  
I can’t find my book. Can you help me?  
—Look! It is under the bed.  
Talking about past events  
What happened in the library yesterday?  
—I read important books.  
—I found some interesting information in the magazines.  
—I looked up/for some dictionaries.  
author/writer  
borrow/lend  
bookshelf  
dictionary  
e-book  
important  
information  
library  
look at/for/up  
magazine  
newspaper  
journal  
poetry  
story  | Listening  
E6.8.L1. Students will be able to listen to the instructions and locate things.  
E6.8.L2. Students will be able to understand past events in oral texts.  
Spoken Interaction  
E6.8.SI1. Students will be able to talk about the locations of people and things.  
E6.8.SI2. Students will be able to talk about past events with definite time.  
Spoken Production  
E6.8.SP1. Students will be able to describe the locations of people and things.  
E6.8.SP2. Students will be able to describe past events with definite time.  | Contexts  
Brochures  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Magazines  
Probes/Realia  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  |
|              | Talking about past events  
What happened in the library yesterday?  
—I read important books.  
—I found some interesting information in the magazines.  
—I looked up/for some dictionaries.  
author/writer  
borrow/lend  
bookshelf  
dictionary  
e-book  
important  
information  
library  
look at/for/up  
magazine  
newspaper  
journal  
poetry  
story  | Reading  
E6.8.R1. Students will be able to understand short, simple sentences and expressions about past events with definite time.  
Writing  
E6.8.W1. Students will be able to write about past events with definite time.  
E6.8.W2. Students will be able to write about the locations of people and things.  | Tasks/Activities  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who ...  
Games  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Matching  
Labeling  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  |
|              | Assignments  
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  |  |  |
### 6. SINIF / 6TH GRADE

#### Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Spoken Interaction</th>
<th>Spoken Production</th>
<th>Reading</th>
<th>Writing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Giving and responding to simple suggestions</td>
<td>E6.9.S1. Students will be able to give each other suggestions about the protection of the environment.</td>
<td>E6.9.SP1. Students will be able to talk to people about the protection of the environment.</td>
<td>E6.9.R1. Students will be able to understand the texts about the protection of the environment.</td>
<td>E6.9.W1. Students will be able to write simple pieces about the protection of the environment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Contexts
- Advertisements
- Brochures
- Captions
- Cartoons
- Conversations
- Illustrations
- Magazines
- Notes and Messages
- Postcards
- Posters
- Signs
- Songs
- Stories
- Videos

#### Tasks/Activities
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Find Someone Who …
- Games
- Information/Opinion Gap
- Information Transfer
- Labeling
- Matching
- Question and Answer
- Reordering
- Storytelling
- True/False/No information

#### Assignments
- Students prepare slogans/notes/posters about saving energy at school and hang them on the walls.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 10 Democracy | Talking about stages of a procedure  
You should ...  
choose your candidate.  
talk about your plans/opinions.  
respect others.  
write the name of the candidate.  
fold the paper.  
put it into the ballot box.  
Making simple inquiries  
Are you a candidate?  
Who is your candidate?  
Do you support Ahmet in the election?  
Who do you support in the election?  
Talking about past events  
—We had an election in our school.  
—We elected our classroom president.  
—Our classroom president gave us a speech.  
ballot box, -es  
campaign, -s  
candidate, -s  
child/human right, -s  
election, -s  
fair law, -s  
make/give a speech  
president  
poll  
public  
respect  
republic  
vote | Listening  
E6.10.L1. Students will be able to recognize some key features related to the concept of democracy.  
Spoken Interaction  
E6.10.Si1. Students will be able to talk about the stages of classroom president polls.  
Spoken Production  
E6.10.SP1. Students will be able to give short descriptions of past and present events.  
E6.10.SP2. Students will be able to talk about the concept of democracy.  
Reading  
E6.10.R1. Students will be able to recognize familiar words and simple phrases related to the concept of democracy.  
Writing  
E6.10.W1. Students will be able to write simple pieces about concepts related to democracy. | Contexts  
Advertisements  
Blogs  
Brochures  
Captions  
Cartoons  
Conversations  
Illustrations  
Magazines  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Postes  
Signs  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  
Tasks/Activities  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Question and Answer  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  
Assignments  
• Students complete and reflect on their visual dictionaries.  
• Students work in groups and create an election campaign poster for classroom presidency. |
7. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI


Temel Düzey Kullanıcı
Ara veya Temel Gereksinim Düzeyi (A2) Ortak Yeti Açıklamaları

## 7. SINIF / 7th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td><strong>Appearance And Personality</strong></td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong></td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Describing characters/people (Making simple inquiries)</td>
<td>E7.1.L1. Students will be able to understand clear, standard speech on appearances and personalities.</td>
<td>Blogs, Diaries/Journal Entries, Illustrations, Jokes, Magazines, Plays, Podcasts, Posters, Questionnaires, Stories, Tables, Videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—What does your best friend look like?</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Interaction</strong></td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—S/he is attractive, with curly hair and green eyes</td>
<td>E7.1.SI1. Students will be able to talk about other people’s appearances and personalities.</td>
<td>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime), Find Someone Who …</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—What is s/he like?</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Production</strong></td>
<td>Games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—S/he is slimmer than me and s/he has short and dark hair</td>
<td>E7.1.SP1. Students will be able to report on appearances and personalities of other people.</td>
<td>Information/Opinion Gap, Information Transfer, Labeling, Matching, Questions and Answers, Reordering, Storytelling, True/False/No information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>—My cousin is more outgoing than me; s/he has a lot of friends.</td>
<td><strong>Reading</strong></td>
<td>Assignments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Making simple comparisons (Giving explanations/reasons)</td>
<td>E7.1.R1. Students will be able to understand a simple text about appearances and personalities, and make simple comparisons.</td>
<td>• Students prepare a visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>S/he can play basketball well because s/he is taller than me.</td>
<td><strong>Writing</strong></td>
<td>• Students prepare a poster of a famous person they like. They describe his/her appearance and personality.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>attractive beautiful cute easy-going generous handsome honest outgoing plump punctual selfish slim smart stubborn</td>
<td>E7.1.W1. Students will be able to write simple pieces to compare people.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Functions &amp; Useful Language</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
<td>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Talking about routines and daily activities | Biographical Texts, Blogs, Diaries/Journal Entries, E-mails, Illustrations, Jokes | **Unit / Theme**  
**Sports**  
2 |
| **Spoken Interaction** | **E7.2.SI1.** Students will be able to ask questions related to the frequency of events. | **Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Guessing Information  
Opinion Gap Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information |
| **Spoken Production** | **E7.2.SP1.** Students will be able to talk about routines/daily activities by using frequency adverbs. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
| **Reading** | **E7.2.R1.** Students will be able to understand short and simple texts on sports. | **Contexts**  
Biographical Texts  
Blogs  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Jokes  
Magazines  
News  
Plays  
Podcasts  
Probes/Realia  
Questionnaires  
Reports  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos |
| **Writing** | **E7.2.W1.** Students will be able to write pieces about routines/daily activities by using frequency adverbs. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
| **Functions & Useful Language** | **Spoken Interaction** | **Spoken Production** |
| **Talking about routines and daily activities** | **E7.2.SI1.** Students will be able to ask questions related to the frequency of events. | **E7.2.SP1.** Students will be able to talk about routines/daily activities by using frequency adverbs. |
| **Spoken Interaction** | **Talking about routines and daily activities** | **Spoken Production** |
| **E7.2.SI1.** Students will be able to ask questions related to the frequency of events. | **E7.2.SP1.** Students will be able to talk about routines/daily activities by using frequency adverbs. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
| **Spoken Interaction** | **E7.2.SI1.** Students will be able to ask questions related to the frequency of events. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
| **Spoken Production** | **E7.2.SP1.** Students will be able to talk about routines/daily activities by using frequency adverbs. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
| **Listening** | **E7.2.L1.** Students will be able to recognize frequency adverbs in simple oral texts. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
| **Spoken Interaction** | **Talking about routines and daily activities** | **Spoken Production** |
| **E7.2.SI1.** Students will be able to ask questions related to the frequency of events. | **E7.2.SP1.** Students will be able to talk about routines/daily activities by using frequency adverbs. | **Assignments**  
Students choose a famous sports figure from their own or another country, and they write about his/her routines/daily activities. |
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<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>7. SINIF / 7th GRADE</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **3** Biographies | **Talking about past events (Making simple inquiries)**
S/he was a hardworking person.
S/he was alone and s/he had an interesting life.
Why did s/he move to Manchester?
—S/he moved to Manchester to study physics. | **Listening**
E7.3.L1. Students will be able to recognize specific information in oral texts dealing with past events and dates. | **Contexts**
Biographical Texts
Blogs
Diaries/Journal Entries
E-mails
Illustrations
Jokes
Letters
Magazines
News
Reports
Plays
Podcasts
Posters
Questionnaires
Stories
Tables
Videos |
| | **Telling the time, days and dates**
S/he was born in London in 1970.
S/he grew up in London and s/he stayed there until 1988. | **Spoken Interaction**
E7.3.SI1. Students will be able to talk about past events with definite time. | **Tasks/Activities**
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
Find Someone Who ...
Games
Guessing
Information/Opinion Gap
Information Transfer
Labeling
Matching
Questions and Answers
Reordering
Storytelling
True/False/No information |
| | **Spoken Production**
E7.3.SP1. Students will be able to describe past events and experiences. | **Reading**
E7.3.R1. Students will be able to spot specific information about names and dates in past events in written texts. | **Assignments**
• Students choose a scientist or a historical figure, do research about his/her life and write a short biography about him/her. |
| | **Writing**
E7.3.W1. Students will be able to write a short and simple report about past events. | |
| | alone
award, -s
brilliant
die
get engaged/married
graduate
grow up
move
own
prize, -s
raise children/kids | | |
### 7. SINIF / 7th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 4. Wild Animals | **Describing the frequency of actions**
Tigers usually hunt during the day.

**Making simple inquiries**
Where do tigers live? —They live in Asia.
Which animals are now extinct?

**Making simple suggestions**
What should we do to protect wildlife? —We should protect wild animals.
—We shouldn’t hunt them.

**Talking about past events (Giving explanations/reasons)**
Some animals became extinct because people hunted them for different reasons.
People always harmed wild animals because they were afraid of them.

- attack
- be afraid of
- birds (eagle, falcon, hawk, owl …)
- cage, -s
- desert, -s
- enormous
- extinct
- habitat, -s
- harm
- human, -s
- hunt
- jungle, -s
- mammals (dolphin, elephant, giraffe, lion, shark, tiger …)
- poison(ous)
- prey
- reptiles (alligator, crocodile, lizard, snake …)
- survive |

**Listening**
E7.4.L1. Students will be able to understand past and present events in oral texts.
E7.4.L2. Students will be able to identify the names of wild animals in simple oral texts.

**Spoken Interaction**
E7.4.SI1. Students will be able to ask people questions about characteristics of wild animals.

**Spoken Production**
E7.4.SP1. Students will be able to make simple suggestions.
E7.4.SP2. Students will be able to report on past and present events.

**Reading**
E7.4.R1. Students will be able to understand past and present events in simple texts.
E7.4.R2. Students will be able to spot the names of wild animals in simple texts.

**Writing**
E7.4.W1. Students will be able to write pieces describing wildlife.

**Contexts**
- Blogs
- Diaries/Journal Entries
- E-mails
- Illustrations
- Jokes
- Magazines
- News
- Reports
- Podcasts
- Posters
- Questionnaires
- Stories
- Tables
- Videos
- Websites

**Tasks/Activities**
- Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
- Find Someone Who …
- Games
- Guessing
- Information/Opinion Gap
- Information Transfer
- Labeling
- Matching
- Questions and Answers
- Reordering
- Storytelling
- True/False/No information

**Assignments**
- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
- Students choose two wild animals and prepare a poster describing them. Then, students make suggestions to protect wild animals.
### 7. SINIF / 7th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>5</strong> Television</td>
<td><strong>Describing what people do regularly</strong>&lt;br&gt;I never/sometimes/usually/always watch football matches at weekends. I can’t wait for it.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E7.5.L1. Students will be able to understand simple oral texts about daily routines and preferences.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Blogs&lt;br&gt;Diaries/Journal Entries&lt;br&gt;E-mails&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Magazines&lt;br&gt;News&lt;br&gt;Reports&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Questionnaires&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Tables&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites&lt;br&gt;<strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Find Someone Who …&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Guessing&lt;br&gt;Information/Opinion Gap&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information&lt;br&gt;<strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;Students choose two types of TV programs that they frequently watch and prepare a poster giving information about the programs.</td>
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<td><strong>Expressing preferences</strong>&lt;br&gt;I prefer movies to TV series. S/he prefers talk shows to reality shows. My favorite TV program is …</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Interaction</strong>&lt;br&gt;E7.5.SI1. Students will be able to ask questions about preferences of other people. E7.5.SI2. Students will be able to talk about past events and personal experiences.</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Stating personal opinions</strong>&lt;br&gt;Talk shows are usually amusing, but I think reality shows are pretty boring.</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Production</strong>&lt;br&gt;E7.5.SP1. Students will be able to state their preferences. E7.5.SP2. Students will be able to describe past events in a simple way.</td>
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<td><strong>Talking about past events</strong>&lt;br&gt;Did you watch the wild life documentary last night?—I watched it last night, and it was fantastic.</td>
<td><strong>Reading</strong>&lt;br&gt;E7.5.R1. Students will be able to understand simple texts about daily routines and preferences. E7.5.R2. Students will be able to understand simple texts about past events.</td>
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<td>appear&lt;br&gt;channel, -s&lt;br&gt;commercial, -s&lt;br&gt;director, -s&lt;br&gt;discussion, -s&lt;br&gt;documentary, -ies&lt;br&gt;news&lt;br&gt;quiz show, -s&lt;br&gt;reality show, -s&lt;br&gt;recommend&lt;br&gt;remote control, -s&lt;br&gt;series&lt;br&gt;sitcom, -s&lt;br&gt;soap opera, -s&lt;br&gt;talk show, -s</td>
<td><strong>Writing</strong>&lt;br&gt;E7.5.W1. Students will be able to write pieces about daily routines and preferences.</td>
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<tr>
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</table>
| 6 Celebrations | Making simple suggestions (Accepting and refusing)  
Would you like some cake?  
—Yes, please. Just a little.  
I’ll get a sandwich. Would you like one?  
—No, thanks. I am full.  

Making arrangements and sequencing the actions  
It is easy to organize a great party. First, you should prepare a guest list. Then, you should decorate your place. Finally, you should prepare lots of food.  

Expressing needs and quantity  
We need some/a lot of balloons. I have a lot of/many/one or two/some presents.  

arrange  
attend  
beverage, -s  
decorate  
fancy  
guest, -s  
host, -s  
invitation card/message  
invite  
organize  
refuse  
wrap | Listening  
E7.6.L1. Students will be able to recognize utterances related to suggestions, needs and quantity of things.  

Spoken Interaction  
E7.6.SI1. Students will be able to talk about arrangements and sequences of actions.  

Spoken Production  
E7.6.SP1. Students will be able to make suggestions.  
E7.6.SP2. Students will be able to express needs and quantity.  

Reading  
E7.6.R1. Students will be able to understand texts about celebrations.  

Writing  
E7.6.W1. Students will be able to write invitation cards.  

| Contexts  
Advertisements  
Blogs  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Magazines  
News  
Reports  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Questionnaires  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos  
Websites  

Tasks/Activities  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who ...  
Games  
Guessing  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  

Assignments  
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
• Students organize a surprise party. They prepare a list for needs, guests and food. They also prepare an invitation card.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</table>
| 7 Dreams     | Making predictions          | Listening E7.7.L1. Students will be able to understand utterances about predictions and future events in simple oral texts.  
Will I be successful in my career?  
—Yes, you will. Definitely! Also, You will be very happy in your relationship.  
Do you think so?  
—I hope so./I hope not.  
—You will make good friends. What is your dream for the future?  
—I will definitely go to university, but I may not live in a big city. I may get married.  
The world will be a more peaceful place.  
The Internet will become more popular.  
believe  
career  
dream  
extcellent  
guess  
imagine  
lucky number/cloth/color/…  
make a guess  
peaceful  
predict  
probably  
receive  
tell a lie  
trick, -s | Spoken Interaction E7.7.SI1. Students will be able to talk about simple predictions.  
Spoken Production E7.7.SP1. Students will be able to report on simple predictions. | Contexts  
Blogs  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Magazines  
News  
Reports  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Questionnaires  
Songs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos  
Websites |
|              |                            | Reading E7.7.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about predictions.  
Writing E7.7.W1. Students will be able to write pieces about predictions and future events. | Tasks/Activities  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Guessing  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information |
|              |                            | Assignments  
• Students write a simple letter about their dreams and expectations from the future.  
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items. |
### 7. SINIF / 7th GRADE

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| **8** Public Buildings | **Giving explanations/reasons**  
You should play in the new park to make friends.  
S/he can go to shopping malls to buy anything.  
You may go to the police station to report the burglary.  
I usually visit the hospital to see my doctor.  
S/he went to the cinema to watch a documentary about wild life.  
They went to the bookshop to buy a sports magazine.  
amusement park, -s  
art gallery, -ies  
bakery, -ies  
chemist's  
city hall  
coffee shop, -s  
department store, -s  
date fire station  
game/music store, -s  
governorship  
grocery, -ies  
movie theater, -s  
municipal office  
municipality, -ies  
police station  
shopping mall, -s | **Listening**  
E7.8.L1. Students will be able to recognize the names of the public buildings.  
E7.8.L2. Students will be able to understand explanations with reasons.  
**Spoken Interaction**  
E7.8.SI1. Students will be able to give explanations with reasons.  
**Spoken Production**  
E7.8.SP1. Students will be able to report on explanations with reasons.  
**Reading**  
E7.8.R1. Students will be able to understand simple expressions and recognize familiar words about explanations with reasons.  
**Writing**  
E7.8.W1. Students will be able to write pieces about explanations with reasons. | **Contexts**  
Blogs  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Magazines  
Maps  
News  
Reports  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Questionnaires  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  
Websites  
**Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Guessing  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  
**Assignments**  
- Students prepare a map of their neighborhood, including public buildings, and write why they go to each of these places. |
## 7. SINIF / 7th GRADE

<table>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environment</td>
<td>Describing simple processes</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>First, get the seeds. Then, plant and water them.</td>
<td>E7.9.L1. Students will be able to understand phrases and the highest frequency vocabulary about environment.</td>
<td>Advertisement Blogs Diaries/Journal Entries E-mails Illustrations Lists Magazines Maps News Reports Notes and Messages Podcasts Posters Questionnaires Songs Stories Videos Websites</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expressing obligation</td>
<td>E7.9.L2. Students will be able to follow how a simple process is described in clear oral texts.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong> Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime) Games Guessing Information/Opinion Gap Information Transfer Labeling Matching Questions and Answers Reordering Storytelling True/False/No information</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>What should we do for our environment? —We have to start using public transportation. —Stop polluting the rivers. We must stop destroying forests.</td>
<td>Spoken Interaction E7.9.SI1. Students will be able to talk about obligations. E7.9.SI2. Students will be able to give simple instructions for a specific process.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong> Students prepare a poster showing the ways of protecting our environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Giving explanations/reasons</td>
<td>Spoken Production E7.9.SP1. Students will be able to give a simple description or presentation of a process.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Rain forests are important because they are necessary for oxygen. We should protect wild animals because they are important for the balance of the nature.</td>
<td>Reading E7.9.R1. Students will be able to identify specific information in various texts about environment.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>balance</td>
<td>Writing</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong></td>
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<td>climate, -s</td>
<td>E7.9.W1. Students will be able to write short, simple messages about environment. E7.9.W2. Students will be able to write short description of a process.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong></td>
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<td>eco-friendly</td>
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<td>increase</td>
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<td>protect</td>
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<td>pollute/pollution</td>
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<td>recycle</td>
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<td>renewable</td>
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<td>responsible</td>
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<td>solar/wind energy</td>
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<td>take action</td>
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<td>temperature</td>
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<td>threaten</td>
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<td>waste</td>
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</table>
### 7. Sınıf / 7th Grade

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 Planets</td>
<td>Making simple comparisons</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>— Jupiter is larger than Saturn. — Uranus is cooler than Saturn.</td>
<td>E7.10.L1. Students will be able to identify the</td>
<td>Blogs, Charts, Diaries/Journal Entries,</td>
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<td>Talking about past events</td>
<td>discussion topic about popular science in simple</td>
<td>E-mails, Illustrations, Lists, Magazines,</td>
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<td>When did scientists discover Pluto? In 2003, the Mars Exploration Mission began. They discovered evidence of water.</td>
<td>oral texts.</td>
<td>Maps, News, Reports, Notes and Messages, Podcasts, Posters, Questionnaires, Songs, Stories, Tables, Videos, Websites</td>
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<td>Making simple inquiries</td>
<td>Spoken Interaction</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong></td>
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<td>Is there any water on the surface of Mars? Is there life in other planets? What do you know about our solar system? What do you know about planets?</td>
<td>E7.10.SI1. Students will be able to make simple</td>
<td>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime), Find Someone Who … Games, Guessing, Information/Opinion Gap, Information Transfer, Labeling, Matching, Questions and Answers, Reordering, Storytelling, True/False/No information</td>
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<tr>
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<td>atmosphere</td>
<td>Spoken Production</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong></td>
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<td>evidence</td>
<td>E7.10.SP1. Students will be able to report on</td>
<td>• Students complete and reflect on their visual</td>
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<td>explore</td>
<td>general truths in various ways.</td>
<td>dictionaries.</td>
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<td>galaxy</td>
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<td>• Students prepare a poster about our solar system and give information about the planets.</td>
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<td>gravity</td>
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<td>meteor</td>
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<td>moon, -s</td>
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<td>observe</td>
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<td>orbit</td>
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<td>rescue</td>
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<td>satellite, -s</td>
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<td>shower, -s</td>
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<td>solar system, -s</td>
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<td>surface, -s</td>
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8. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI


Temel Düzey Kullanıcı
Ara veya Temel Gereksinim Düzeyi (A2) Ortak Yeti Açıklamalari

Öğrenciler basit ifadeleri ve iletişimSEL anlama elzam olan alanlarda (sözgelimi yalın ve kişisel bilgiler, aile bilgileri, alışveriş, yakın çevre ve iş) sıkıklıkla kullanılan ifadeleri anlayabilirler. Bilindik ve alışlagelen konular hakkında yalın ve basit bilgi alışverisini gerektiren kolay ve yaygın etkinlikleri yoluya iletişim kurabilirler. Eğitimini, yakın çevresini basit yollardan betimleyebilir ve temel gerekşimlerine denk düşün konuları anlatabilir.
### 8. SINIF / 8th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
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| 1 Friendship | Accepting and refusing / Apologizing / Giving explanations and reasons  
Would you like to come over tomorrow?  
—I’m sorry, but I can’t come over because my cousin is coming tomorrow.  
—Sure, that sounds fun! Would you like some fruit juice?  
—Yes, I’d love some.  
—No, thanks. I’m full/stuffed.  
—Yeah, that would be great. How about a party at my house this Saturday?  
—Sure, it sounds good/great/awesome.  
—Yeah, why not.  
—I’ll text our friends to come over at 7 o’clock, then.  
Making simple inquiries  
Are you busy tomorrow evening?  
—No, not at all. Why?  
back up  
best/close/true friend, -s  
buddy, -ies  
cool  
count on  
get on well with somebody  
go for a walk  
laid-back  
mate, -s  
secret, -s  
share  
support  
trust | Listening  
**E8.1.L1.** Students will be able to understand the specific information in short conversations on everyday topics, such as accepting and refusing an offer/invitation, apologizing and making simple inquiries.  
Spoken Interaction  
**E8.1.SI1.** Students will be able to interact with reasonable ease in structured situations and short conversations involving accepting and refusing an offer/invitation, apologizing and making simple inquiries.  
Spoken Production  
**E8.1.SP1.** Students will be able to structure a talk to make simple inquiries, give explanations and reasons.  
Reading  
**E8.1.R1.** Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about friendship.  
**E8.1.R2.** Students will be able to understand short and simple invitation letters, cards and e-mails.  
Writing  
**E8.1.W1.** Students will be able to write a short and simple letter apologizing and giving reasons for not attending a party in response to an invitation. | Contexts  
Blogs  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Lists  
News  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Questionnaires  
Reports  
Songs  
Stories  
Tables  
Videos  
Websites  
Tasks/Activities  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Guessing  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  
Assignments  
• Students prepare a visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items. |
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</table>
| 2 Teen Life  | Expressing likes and dislikes | Listening E8.2.L1. Students will be able to understand phrases and expressions about regular activities of teenagers. | **Contexts**
|              | I love/like/enjoy going to concerts. I hate/dislike shopping with my parents. | Spoken Interaction E8.2.SI1. Students will be able to talk about regular activities of teenagers. | Blogs
|              | Expressing preferences | Spoken Production E8.2.SP1. Students will be able to express what they prefer, like and dislike. | Charts |
|              | I prefer hip-hop concerts, I think they’re terrific. I prefer reading the news online. | E8.2.SP2. Students will be able to give a simple description of daily activities in a simple way. | Diaries/Journal Entries |
|              | Stating personal opinions (Making simple inquiries) | Reading E8.2.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about regular activities of teenagers. | E-mails |
|              | What do you do in the evenings? I usually do my homework, but I also listen to music. I love rap. And to be honest, I never listen to pop music; I can’t stand it. I think it’s unbearable. I rarely/seldom go to the theater. I am fond of/keen on camping. | Writing E8.2.W1. Students will be able to write a short and simple paragraph about regular activities of teenagers. | Illustrations |
|              | argue casual fashion, -s impressive relationship, -s ridiculous serious snob, -s teenager, -s terrific trendy unbearable **types of music** | | Lists |
|              | | | News |
|              | | | Notes and Messages |
|              | | | Podcasts |
|              | | | Posters |
|              | | | Questionnaires |
|              | | | Reports |
|              | | | Songs |
|              | | | Stories |
|              | | | Videos |
|              | | | Websites |
|              | | | **Tasks/Activities**
|              | | | Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)
|              | | | Find Someone Who …
|              | | | Games |
|              | | | Guessing |
|              | | | Information/Opinion Gap |
|              | | | Information Transfer |
|              | | | Labeling |
|              | | | Matching |
|              | | | Questions and Answers |
|              | | | Reordering |
|              | | | Storytelling |
|              | | | True/False/No information |
|              | | | **Assignments**
|              | | | • Students write a short and simple paragraph about a music band and state the characteristics of the band. |
8. SINIF / 8TH GRADE

Unit / Theme
In The Kitchen

Language Skills and Learning Outcomes

Functions & Useful Language
Describing simple processes
It's easy to make an omelette. Let me tell you how to make an omelette. First, put some oil into a pan and heat it. Second, mix two eggs in a bowl. Then add some salt. After that, add some cheese and milk. Finally, pour the mixture into the hot pan.

Expressing preferences
Do you prefer cooking pizza or pasta?
— I love cooking and eating pizza.
— I usually prefer cooking pasta.

Making simple inquiries
Do I use two or three eggs?
What can/or should I use to cook soup?

Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments

Tasks/Activities
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime) Find Someone Who... Information Transfer Labeling

Assignments
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.
• Students prepare a poster about their favorite meal and provide the preparation process.

Contexts
Blogs Charts Diaries/Journal Entries E-mails
Illustrations Lists Menus Notes and Messages Podcasts Questionnaires Recipes Stories Videos Websites

Spoken Production
E8.3.SP1. Students will be able to give a simple description about a process.

Reading
E8.3.R1. Students will be able to understand the overall meaning of short texts about a process.
E8.3.R2. Students will be able to guess the meaning of unknown words from the text.

Writing
E8.3.W1. Students will be able to write a series of simple phrases and sentences by using linkers to describe a process.
## 8. SINIF / 8th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Following phone conversations</td>
<td>Listening</td>
<td>Contexts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hello! This is ... calling, is ... in?</td>
<td>E8.4.L1. Students will be able to understand phrases and related vocabulary items.</td>
<td>Blogs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>May I speak to ...? Is ... there?</td>
<td>E8.4.L2. Students will be able to follow a phone conversation.</td>
<td>E-mails</td>
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<td>Hang on a minute; I'll get him/ her.</td>
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<td>Illustrations</td>
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<td>Can you hold on a moment, please?</td>
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<td>Lists</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>I'm afraid he is not available at the moment. He has gone out. Would you like to leave a message?</td>
<td>Spoken Interaction</td>
<td>Notes and Messages</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Stating decisions taken at the time of speaking</td>
<td>E8.4.SI1. Students will be able to make a simple phone call asking and responding to questions.</td>
<td>Podcasts</td>
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<td></td>
<td>I'll talk to you soon.</td>
<td>Spoken Production</td>
<td>Posters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I'll see you at the café tomorrow, then. We'll meet next Saturday, then. I'm sorry to hear that. We'll meet up later, then.</td>
<td>E8.4.SP1. Students will be able to express their decisions taken at the moment of conversation.</td>
<td>Songs</td>
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<td>I'll get back to you in an hour.</td>
<td>Reading</td>
<td>Stories</td>
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<td>[The phone rings] I will take that.</td>
<td>E8.4.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts with related vocabulary.</td>
<td>Videos</td>
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<td>available connect contact dial engaged extension get/keep in touch get back hang on/up hold line memo, -s pick up polite put someone through Writing E8.4.W1. Students will be able to write short and simple conversations.</td>
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<td>Websites</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Spoken Interaction</strong></td>
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<td>Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)</td>
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<td><strong>E8.4.SI1. Students will be able to make a simple phone call asking and responding to questions.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Spoken Production</strong></td>
<td>Games</td>
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<td><strong>E8.4.SP1. Students will be able to express their decisions taken at the moment of conversation.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Reading</strong></td>
<td>Information/Opinion Gap</td>
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<td><strong>E8.4.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts with related vocabulary.</strong></td>
<td><strong>E8.4.W1. Students will be able to write short and simple conversations.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Labeling</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Writing</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Storytelling</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>E8.4.W1. Students will be able to write short and simple conversations.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong></td>
<td><strong>Students work to act out a call center drama task. In groups, students are given role cards describing tasks for each. One by one they call the call center to share their problems.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 8. SINIF / 8th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 The Internet</td>
<td><strong>Accepting and refusing / Making excuses</strong>&lt;br&gt;Would you like to join our WhatsApp group?—Yes, sure/That sounds great.—No, thanks. I am really busy. Why don’t we chat online at two o’clock? I want to tell you something important.—I’m sorry, but I can’t. My internet is broken. What do you mean? Do you mean the Internet connection?—Yes. It isn’t working properly.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.5.L1. Students will be able to understand the gist of oral texts.&lt;br&gt;E8.5.L2. Students will be able to comprehend phrases and related vocabulary items. <strong>Spoken Interaction</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.5.SI1. Students will be able to talk about their Internet habits.&lt;br&gt;E8.5.SI2. Students will be able to exchange information about the Internet. <strong>Spoken Production</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.5.SP1. Students will be able to make excuses, and to accept and refuse offers by using a series of phrases and simple sentences. <strong>Reading</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.5.R1. Students will be able to identify main ideas in short and simple texts about internet habits.&lt;br&gt;E8.5.R2. Students will be able to find specific information about the Internet in various texts. <strong>Writing</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.5.W1. Students will be able to write a basic paragraph to describe their internet habits.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Blogs&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Diaries/Journal Entries&lt;br&gt;E-mails&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;News&lt;br&gt;Reports&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Questionnaires&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites <strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Find Someone Who …&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Guessing&lt;br&gt;Information/Opinion Gap&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information <strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;• Students prepare a poster to illustrate their internet habits and hang it on the classroom walls.</td>
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- account, -s<br>- attachment, -s<br>- browse<br>- browser, -s<br>- comment, -s<br>- confirm<br>- connection, -s<br>- delete<br>- download/upload<br>- log on/in/off<br>- register<br>- reply screen, -s<br>- search engine, -s<br>- sign in/up<br>- social networking site, -s<br>- website
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>6 Adventures</strong></td>
<td><strong>Expressing preferences / Giving explanations and reasons</strong>&lt;br&gt;What do you prefer doing on summer holidays?&lt;br&gt;—I would rather go rafting than canoeing because it is easier.&lt;br&gt;—I prefer rafting to kayaking because it is more entertaining.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.6.L1. Students will be able to follow a discussion on adventures.&lt;br&gt;E8.6.L2. Students will be able to understand the main points of simple messages.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Blogs&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Diaries/Journal Entries&lt;br&gt;E-mails&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Maps&lt;br&gt;News&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Questionnaires&lt;br&gt;Reports&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites</td>
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<td><strong>Making comparisons</strong>&lt;br&gt;I think bungee-jumping is more/less dangerous and challenging than canoeing.&lt;br&gt;I think extreme sports are more exciting than indoor sports.</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Interaction</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.6.SI1. Students will be able to interact with reasonable ease in short conversations.&lt;br&gt;E8.6.SI2. Students will be able to talk about comparisons, preferences and their reasons.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Find Someone Who …&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Guessing&lt;br&gt;Information/Opinion Gap&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information</td>
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<td>amusing&lt;br&gt;bungee-jumping&lt;br&gt;canoeing&lt;br&gt;challenging&lt;br&gt;disappointing&lt;br&gt;entertaining&lt;br&gt;exciting&lt;br&gt;extreme sports&lt;br&gt;fascinating&lt;br&gt;hang-gliding&lt;br&gt;kayaking&lt;br&gt;motor-racing&lt;br&gt;paragliding&lt;br&gt;rafting&lt;br&gt;skateboarding&lt;br&gt;take risks</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Production</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.6.SP1. Students will be able to make comparisons about sports and games by using simple descriptive language.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;• Students search the Internet and find towns/cities from Turkey where different kinds of extreme sports can be performed. They prepare a poster in which they illustrate three of those sports.</td>
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<td>Functions &amp; Useful Language</td>
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</tr>
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<td><strong>7 Tourism</strong></td>
<td><strong>Describing places</strong>&lt;br&gt;What do you think about Rome?&lt;br&gt;Did you enjoy your trip?&lt;br&gt;—It was incredible. It’s truly an ancient city, and the weather was just perfect. It is in fact usually warm and sunny in Rome.</td>
<td><strong>Listening</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.7.L1. Students will be able to understand and extract the specific information from short and simple oral texts.</td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Blogs&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Diaries/Journal Entries&lt;br&gt;E-mails&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Maps&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;News&lt;br&gt;Reports&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Questionnaires&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>7 Tourism</strong></td>
<td><strong>Expressing preferences</strong>&lt;br&gt;Which one do you prefer? Historic sites or the seaside?&lt;br&gt;—I’d rather visit historic sites because they are usually more interesting.</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Interaction</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.7.SI1. Students will be able to exchange information about tourism.</td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Find Someone Who …&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Guessing&lt;br&gt;Information/Opinion Gap&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>7 Tourism</strong></td>
<td><strong>Giving explanations/reasons</strong>&lt;br&gt;—I think/guess/believe/suppose it is exciting.&lt;br&gt;—In my opinion/to me, it is lovely.&lt;br&gt;—In my opinion/to me, it sounds/looks fascinating.</td>
<td><strong>Spoken Production</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.7.SP1. Students will be able to express their preferences for particular tourist attractions and give reasons.</td>
<td><strong>Assignments</strong>&lt;br&gt;- Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.&lt;br&gt;- Students interview with the peers about their holiday preferences, and then they prepare a travel plan using maps and pictures to compare each destination.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>7 Tourism</strong></td>
<td><strong>Making comparisons</strong>&lt;br&gt;—In my opinion/to me, historical architecture is more beautiful than modern architecture.&lt;br&gt;—I think/guess/believe/suppose all-inclusive hotels are more attractive than bed and breakfasts.</td>
<td><strong>E8.7.SP2. Students will be able to make simple comparisons between different tourist attractions.</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>E8.7.SP3. Students will be able to express their experiences about places.</strong></td>
<td><strong>E8.7.R1. Students will be able to find specific information from various texts about tourism.</strong>&lt;br&gt;<strong>Writing</strong>&lt;br&gt;E8.7.W1. Students will be able to design a brochure, advertisement or a postcard about their favorite tourist attraction(s).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>7 Tourism</strong></td>
<td><strong>Talking about experiences</strong>&lt;br&gt;Have you ever been to …?&lt;br&gt;—Yes, I have.&lt;br&gt;—No, I have not.&lt;br&gt;—I have been to Side before.&lt;br&gt;—I have never been to Mardin.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Contexts</strong>&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Blogs&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Diaries/Journal Entries&lt;br&gt;E-mails&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Maps&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;News&lt;br&gt;Reports&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Questionnaires&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>7 Tourism</strong></td>
<td><strong>all-inclusive&lt;br&gt;ancient&lt;br&gt;architecture&lt;br&gt;attraction,-s&lt;br&gt;bed and breakfast&lt;br&gt;countryside&lt;br&gt;culture/cultural destination&lt;br&gt;fascinating&lt;br&gt;historic site,-s&lt;br&gt;incredible resort,-s&lt;br&gt;rural&lt;br&gt;urban</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Tasks/Activities</strong>&lt;br&gt;Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)&lt;br&gt;Find Someone Who …&lt;br&gt;Games&lt;br&gt;Guessing&lt;br&gt;Information/Opinion Gap&lt;br&gt;Information Transfer&lt;br&gt;Labeling&lt;br&gt;Matching&lt;br&gt;Questions and Answers&lt;br&gt;Reordering&lt;br&gt;Storytelling&lt;br&gt;True/False/No information</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 8. SINIF / 8th GRADE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **8. Chores** | **Expressing likes and dislikes**  
I like it when my parents give me some 
pocket money.  
I don't like it when my mom asks too many questions.  

**Expressing obligation**  
Do you have to help your parents in housework?  
—Well, I must help my parents to set the table.  
—I must help my brother to do his homework.  
We must respect the elderly/people/each other.  
My brother has to respect my rights.  

**Expressing responsibilities**  
I'm responsible for cooking dinner.  
S/he is in charge of taking out the garbage.  
Don't you think it is necessary to tidy up your room?  
It is time to do the laundry.

arrive on time  
clean up  
do the laundry  
doing chores  
iron  
keep quiet  
keep/break promises  
load/empty the dishwasher  
make the bed  
obey the rules  
return books  
set the table  
take out the garbage/trash  
tidy up  
to-do list  
wash/dry the dishes | **Listening**  
E8.8.L1. Students will be able to identify the main points of a short talk describing the responsibilities of people.  
E8.8.L2. Students will be able to understand obligations, likes and dislikes in various oral texts.  
E8.8.L3. Students will be able to follow topic change during factual, short talks.  

**Spoken Interaction**  
E8.8.SI1. Students will be able to interact during simple, routine tasks requiring a direct exchange of information.  
E8.8.SI2. Students will be able to talk about responsibilities.  

**Spoken Production**  
E8.8.SP1. Students will be able to express their obligations, likes and dislikes in simple terms.  

**Reading**  
E8.8.R1. Students will be able to understand various short and simple texts about responsibilities.  

**Writing**  
E8.8.W1. Students will be able to write short and simple poems/stories about their feelings and responsibilities. | **Contexts**  
Advertisements  
Blogs  
Charts  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Questionnaires  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  
Websites  

**Tasks/Activities**  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Guessing  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  

**Assignments**  
• Students keep expanding their visual dictionary by including new vocabulary items.  
• Students write a short paragraph explaining the responsibilities of their family members.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>9 Science</td>
<td>Describing the actions happening currently&lt;br&gt;My brother and his friends are preparing a science project nowadays. They are doing some research in the library. What kind of books are you reading in these days/currently?&lt;br&gt;—I am reading a science fiction novel.&lt;br&gt;—Currently, I am reading a book about space travel.&lt;br&gt;Talking about past events&lt;br&gt;Scientific achievements of the past century changed the world. For example, Archimedes invented the water screw. Researchers found some new fossils, and now they are working on them in the labs. Newton discovered the gravity of the matter and now scientists are exploring the solar gravity.</td>
<td>Listening&lt;br&gt;E8.9.L1. Students will be able to recognize main ideas and key information in short oral texts about science.</td>
<td>Contexts&lt;br&gt;Advertisements&lt;br&gt;Blogs&lt;br&gt;Charts&lt;br&gt;Diaries/Journal Entries&lt;br&gt;E-mails&lt;br&gt;Illustrations&lt;br&gt;Lists&lt;br&gt;Maps&lt;br&gt;News&lt;br&gt;Notes and Messages&lt;br&gt;Podcasts&lt;br&gt;Posters&lt;br&gt;Questionnaires&lt;br&gt;Reports&lt;br&gt;Songs&lt;br&gt;Stories&lt;br&gt;Videos&lt;br&gt;Websites&lt;br&gt;Spoken Interaction&lt;br&gt;E8.9.SI1. Students will be able to talk about actions happening currently and in the past. &lt;br&gt;E8.9.SI2. Students will be able to involve in simple discussions about scientific achievements.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
|             |                             | Spoken Production<br>E8.9.SP1. Students will be able to describe actions happening currently.  
E8.9.SP2. Students will be able to present information about scientific achievements in a simple way. |                             |
|             |                             | Reading<br>E8.9.R1. Students will be able to understand short and simple texts about actions happening currently and in the past. <br>E8.9.R2. Students will be able to identify main ideas and supporting details in short texts about science. |                             |
|             |                             | Writing<br>E8.9.W1. Students will be able to write simple descriptions of scientific achievements in a short paragraph. |                             |
|             | cell, -s<br>cure, -s<br>discover<br>do an experiment<br>explode<br>find out<br>genius, -es<br>high-tech<br>invent<br>lab, -s<br>process, -es<br>result, -s<br>safety<br>scientific<br>search<br>succeed<br>test tube, -s<br>vaccination, -s |                             |                             |
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit / Theme</th>
<th>Functions &amp; Useful Language</th>
<th>Language Skills and Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Suggested Contexts, Tasks and Assignments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Natural Forces | Making predictions about the future (Giving reasons and results)  
—I think we will have water shortage in the future because we waste too much water. So we should/must stop wasting water sources.  
—I think there will be serious droughts. So schools should educate students to use less water.  
Do you think there will be a water shortage?  
—Yes. There won’t be enough water.  
—No. There will be a lot of rain in the future.  

*avalanche, -s*  
*disaster, -s*  
*drought, -s*  
*earthquake, -s*  
*erosion*  
*flood, -s*  
*global warming*  
*hurricane, -s*  
*landslide, -s*  
*melt*  
*suffer*  
*survivor, -s*  
*tornado, -es*  
*tsunami, s*  
*volcano, -es* | Listening  
E8.10.L1. Students will be able to identify the main points of TV news about natural forces and disasters.  
Spoken Interaction  
E8.10.SI1. Students will be able to talk about predictions concerning future of the Earth.  
E8.10.SI2. Students will be able to negotiate reasons and results to support their predictions about natural forces and disasters.  
Spoken Production  
E8.10.SP1. Students will be able to express predictions concerning future of the Earth.  
E8.10.SP2. Students will be able to give reasons and results to support their predictions about natural forces and disasters.  
Reading  
E8.10.R1. Students will be able to identify specific information in simple texts about natural forces and disasters.  
Writing  
E8.10.W1. Students will be able to write a short and simple paragraph about reasons and results of natural forces and disasters. | Contexts  
Advertisements  
Blogs  
Charts  
Diaries/Journal Entries  
E-mails  
Illustrations  
Lists  
Maps  
News  
Notes and Messages  
Podcasts  
Posters  
Questionnaires  
Reports  
Songs  
Stories  
Videos  
Weather Reports  
Websites  
Tasks/Activities  
Drama (Role Play, Simulation, Pantomime)  
Find Someone Who …  
Games  
Guessing  
Information/Opinion Gap  
Information Transfer  
Labeling  
Matching  
Questions and Answers  
Reordering  
Storytelling  
True/False/No information  
Assignments  
• Students complete and reflect on their visual dictionaries. |
## İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI'NIN MODELİ (2 - 8. SINIFLAR İÇİN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seviyeler [ADOÇEP*] (Saat / Hafta)</th>
<th>Sınıf</th>
<th>Hedef Beceriler</th>
<th>Ana Etkinlikler/Stratejiler</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Dinleme ve Konuşma</td>
<td>Tüm Fiziksel Tepki (TFT)/ El işleri/Drama</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 [A1] (2)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Dinleme ve Konuşma Çok Sınırlı Okuma ve Yazma°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Dinleme ve Konuşma Çok Sınırlı Okuma ve Yazma°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Dinleme ve Konuşma Sınırlı Okuma° Çok Sınırlı Yazma°</td>
<td>Drama/Canlandırma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 [A1] (3)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Dinleme ve Konuşma Sınırlı Okuma° Sınırlı Yazma°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Birincil: Dinleme ve Konuşma ikincil: Okuma ve Yazma</td>
<td>Tema ∞</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 [A2] (4)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Birincil: Dinleme ve Konuşma ikincil: Okuma ve Yazma</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* ADOÇEP = Avrupa Dilleri Öğretimi Ortak Çerçeve Programı


∞ Tema bazlı öğretimin temel özellikleri şunlardır: Yüksek düzeyde bağlamlandırılmış öğrenme ortamı, bir konu çerçevesinde ele alınan sözcük ve dil bilgisi yapılan, anlamli duruma dayalı öğrenmeyi sağlayan ders konusuna (Örnek: Bilim insanları, coğrafya, evdeki sorumluluklar vb.) göre seçilmiş tema ile bütünLEHEN becERiler ve etkinliklerdir.
APPENDIX 2

İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI’NIN UYGULANMASINA DAİR ÖNEMLİ HUSUSLAR

Sınıftaki öğrenme ortamımız aşağıdaki iletişimsel özelliklere dayandırmaktadır:

- İletişim mümkün olduğunca İngilizce yürütülür.
- İletişim gerçek anlam oluşturmaya odaklıdır.
- Öğrenciler gerçek yaşamda o dili konuşan ülkelerdeki insanlar gibi dinleme ve konuşma eylemlerinde bulunurlar.
- Öğrenciler gelişen İngilizce becerilerini öğrenmenin her alanında kullanırlar.
- Öğrenciler görsel ve işitsel araçlar yardımıyla hedef dile kullanılan yapı ve sözcüklerle sürekli olarak karşılaşırlar.
- Öğrenciler dili, el işleri, tüm bedensel tepki ve drama etkinlikleriyile eğlenceli bir şekilde kullanırlar.
- Öğrenciler İngilizce öğrenirken kendi ana dillerine de saygı duyar ve ana dillerini, gelişimlerinin önemli bir parçası olarak görüyor.
- Ana dilin kullanımı yasaklanmaz ve engellenmez. Ana dili gerektiğinde kullanılır (Örneğin karmaşık yönergeler verirken, zor yapıları açıklarken).
- Öğrenciler kendilerini jest, mimik gibi olumlu pekiştireçlerle “anlayan” öğretmenler tarafından desteklenir ve yönlendirilirler.
- Öğretmenin sınıfda bulunma nedeni İngilizce (ve gerekirse Türkçe) iletişim kurmalarıdır.
- Öğrenmenin amacı belirli bir zaman aralığında Öğretim Programı’ndaki konuları işleyip bitirebilmek yerine kurulan iletişimi derinleştirmeye çalışmaktır.
- Öğrenciler hata yapmaları hâlinde uyanılmaz ve düzeltilemez. Öğretmenler hatalarını daha sonra düzeltirler.
- Öğrenciler daha önceki derslerde karşılaştıkları işlev ve bilgileri tekrar tekrar kullanırlar ve böylece bilgi ve becerilerini taze tutarlar.
- Öğrenciler kendilerini zorlayan ama yapılabilir etkinliklerin üstesinden başarıyla gelerek motivasyonlarını artırırlar.
- Öğrenciler okul içinde ve dışında paylaşılacak ürünler ortaya koyarlar.
- Veliler sürecin bir parçası olmaları için cesaretlendirilirler ve veli toplantları aracılığıyla çocukların öğrenme sürecinden haberber olurlar.
- Öğrenciler “bir dil hakkında bir şeyler öğrenmek” yerine “o dille bir şeyler yaparak” İngilizce iletişim becerilerini geliştirirler.
- Kitap yazarlarının ve materyal geliştirme uzmanlarının Öğretim Programı’nda bahsedilen değerleri ve temel yeterliklere bağlam tercihlerinde yer vermelere gerekmektedir.
- Kitap yazarlarının ve materyal geliştirme uzmanlarının Öğretim Programı’nda bahsedilen değerleri ve temel yeterlikleri ders materyallerinde örtük bir biçimde sunmaları gerekmektedir.
APPENDIX 3

2 VE 3. SINIF İNGİLİZCE ÖĞRETİM PROGRAMI - UYGULAMA ÖNERLERİ

• Bilinenden bilinmeye doğru gidiniz. Özellikle Türkçe ve İngilizcede ortak olan sözcüklerden yararlanarak derse başlayınız (Örneğin doctor, zebra, lemon vb.). Çocukların sevdiği ve bildiği medya ve kültür öğelerine de öncelik veriniz.

• Çocuklara İngilizcenin kolay ve çok zevkli olduğunu hatırlatınız.

• Çocukların yaptıkları hataları hataları anında düzeltmeyiniz. Ancak bu hataları not ederek ve kendiniz doğrusunu sık sık kullanarak sınıfa hatırlatınız.


• Öğretim Programı sarmal olarak düşünülmeli ve öyle uygulanmalıdır. Öğrencilerin önceki öğrenmelerini hatırlatınız ve öğrenmelerin kalıcılığını desteklemek için daha önceki etkinlik şarkı ve kelimeleri kullanınız.

• Öğrencilere sık sık evlerinde ailelerine öğrendikleri şarkıları söylemelerini öneriniz. Velilerle görüşerek öğrencilerin yürüklendirmelerini ve onları takdir etmelerini hatırlatınız.

• İngilizce konuşurken “headlines” kullanmaya özen gösteriniz (Bir fikri veya mesajı iletmek için yalnızca birkaç içerik sözcüğünü kullanmak ki çoğunlukla nesnelerin vurgu ve tonlama ile zenginleştirilerek isimlendirilmesi yoluya olur.). Örneğin

Are you thirsty? “Water?” / Are you having fun “Fun?”

Take out your crayons. “Your crayons!” / It’s easy, isn’t it? “Easy, huh?”

• 2 ve 3. Sınıf Öğretim Programlarında 4 temel beceriden okuma ve yazma öğretimi geliştirilmesi gereken hedefler arasında değildir. Öğrenciler İngilizce defterleri olmamalıdır. Öğrenciler şarkı sözlerini dinleyerek ve tekrar ederek öğrenmelidir. Şarkı sözlerini veya sözcükleri öğretmek için okuma ve yazma yol seçilmemelidir.

• Öğretmenin sesli okumasi bu düzey öğrenciler için ilgi çekicidir. Onlara şarkı sözlerini dahi dramatizasyon ve jest-mimik kullanarak, tonlayarak, taklit ederek ve vurgulamalara dikkat ederek okuyunuz.

• Üniteler/temalar arasında geçiş akıcı olmalıdır. Her ne kadar sırayla gidilecek olsa da bir sonraki ünite/tema önceki ünite/tema ile ilişkilendirilmesi ve böylece birbirlerine entegre edilmelidir.

• Kültürel farkındalıklara dikkat ediniz. Bunu yaparken eğitimsel ve kültürel olarak çocuklara yanlış davranış ve alışkanlıklar oluşturabilecek etkinlik ve hareketlerden uzak durunuz.